PALMER
is the only high grade tyre;
WELLINGTONS
recommend same.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

VOL. IV. NO. 44 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1916. ONE ANNA.

Nothing just as good as
PALMERS
the all-British tyres.
WELLINGTONS
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SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS

to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons.
2nd March	Salsette	6000	Khyber	9000
5th ,,	Sardinia	7000	...	...
14th ,,	Medina	12500	...	...
19th ,,	Caledonia	8000	...	...
26th ,,	Mongolia	10000	...	...
3rd April	Maloja	12500	...	...
7th ,,	Salsette	6000	Malwa	11000
14th ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	...	...
23rd ,,	Salsette	6000	Khiva	9000
28th ,,	Karmala	9000	...	...

To Colombo, Straits, China and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, &c.

Date. About	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo	Tons.
26th Feb.	Malta	7000	Khiva	9000
9th March	Nagova	7000	Mooltan	10000
24th ,,	Namur	7000	Kashgar	9000
6th April	Nankin	7000	Arabia	8000
20th ,,	Novara	7000	Kashmir	9000

For accommodation and further information apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Port.	Steamers.	Destination.
22nd Feb.	Linga	Karachi Coasting
24th ,,	Lines	Karachi Coasting connecting with Dwarka at Karachi for Gulf passengers only
4th March	Palamcotta	East and South Africa via Porebunder

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with Messrs. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents, Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.).

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Bombay Maru	Y. Kobayashi	4625	12th Feb.	22nd Feb.
Totomi Maru	U. Tanaka	3412	21st Feb.	4th March
Moyori Maru	M. Taniguchi	3773	6th Mar.	18th March
Kirin Maru	T. Sasaki	3801	16th Mar.	28th March
Rangoon Maru	T. Kusano	5348	20th Mar.	1st April
Tenshin Maru	S. Yamazaki	4173	22nd Mar.	3rd April

For Freight apply to:—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.
NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 120 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 273,600.

Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN, via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	De, artures.
Java Maru	4499	T. Fuchikami	22nd Feb.	2nd March
Tosan Maru	3856	Y. Nakano	23rd Feb.	4th Mar.
Shinkoku Maru	5336	T. Kuchiki	3rd March	14th March

For Freight apply to

Y. ASAI,
Manager.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE CO.,

28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT.,

BOMBAY,

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bathroom Fittings, etc.

SHIPPING

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOIN SERVICE)

SPRING SAILINGS, 1916.

HOMEWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Exeter	A & C	9278	....	24th Feb
City of Paris	A & C	9239	3rd April	1st April
City of Marseilles,	A & C	8250	20th Apr	18th Apr.
City of Cairo	A & C	7700	....	10th May

Fares.	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	Madras Return.
Marseilles	Rs. 555	Rs. 883	Rs. 430	Rs. 680
London via Marseilles	630	1,038	630	790
Liverpool	600	900	450	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	...	942	...	713

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess.

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, atted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,

Bombay.—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.
Karachi.—Messrs Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd.

THE ORIENTAL,

GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

INDIA'S

Model Life Assurance Company.

FUNDS	CLAIMS PAID
Rs. 5,00,00,000	Rs. 4,50,00,000

The Question of the Moment!

Have you made adequate and secure provision for your wife and family or for old age? If not, effect a Policy with the "ORIENTAL" without a further moment's delay.

Low Premiums. Absolute Security.
Liberal Conditions.

Full particulars and forms on application.

R. PATERSON BROWN
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, BOMBAY.

BY APPOINTMENT.

GENERAL

ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.)

Assets Exceed.....Rs. 3,75,00,000

Claims Paid.....Rs. 10,50,00,000

ESTABLISHED 1885.

Special Policies and Low Quotations for—

FIRE & SICKNESS
BURGLARY FIDELITY GUARANTEE
MOTOR CAR PLATE GLASS
MOTOR CYCLE LIFT & HOIST
BICYCLE DRIVING
LIVE STOCK ACCIDENT
ACCIDENT

INSURANCES.

For Particulars and Proposal Forms apply to—

INDIAN BRANCH:—

15-14, Church Gate St., BOMBAY.

(P. O. Box 112)

Manager for India.—G. M. ROSE.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure. Stearns Headache Cure, headache gone in a few minutes.

C 5

SHIPPING

ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains'	Leave Bombay, about
S.S. Circassia	6722	C F. Osborne R.D., R.N.R.	5th Mar. 1916.
S.S. Castalia	6388	Wm. Kelso	9th ,,
S.S. Olympia	5124	Alex. Andrew	23rd ,,
S.S. Elysia	6368	J. Kinnaird	26th April ,,
S.S. Scindia	5106	R. Erskine	14th May ,,

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	420	630
Bombay to Cairo	435	660
Bombay to Port Said	450	675
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	555	667
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	630	942
Bombay to Gibraltar	570	855
Bombay to Liverpool	600	900
Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow	867	1433

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provides it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information, regarding passage, apply to the undersigned:—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,175,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampale
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo South American Bank, Ld.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

FELICE CORNAGLIA

BOMBAY AND POONA.

Caters for large and small parties in his usual recherche style.

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

83-85, *MEDOWS STREET*
7, *ESPLANADE ROAD* } *BOMBAY.*

ARSENAL ROAD, POONA.

Telegrams "Cornaglia" Telephone No. 42.

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen. 20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung	Hsein	Liaoyang
Changchun		Calcutta
Darien (Dalney)		London
Hankow		Lyons
Harbin		Fengtien (Mukden)
Hongkong		Nagasaki
Honolulu		Newchwang
Kobe		New York
Los Angles (Cal. U.S.A.)		Osaka
		Pekin
Ryojun (Port Arthur)		
San Francisco		
Shanghai		
Sydney (Australia)		
Tiehling		
Tientsin		
Tokyo		
Tsingtau		
Tsinanfu		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interests is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 207.

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposit may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE BARODA.

Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 4,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH-CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

Bankers to the Government in Busra.

SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorised	Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 15,75,958
Reserve Funds	Rs. 11,21,541

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

12, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Subscribed Capital	£1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	£562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£562,500
Reserve Fund	£500,000

Head Office: 15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND,
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Sub-Branch Howrah (Calcutta), Delhi, Rangoon, Madras, Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Kuala-Lumpur Kota Bharu (Kelantan), Penang, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1900.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 7,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

(SCOTLAND.)

B. O. C LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMPS OIL	B. O. C. PITCH
B. O. C. PETROL	B. O C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS	B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES	B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street,

P. O. Box 203. Telephone Nos. 101 & 1439.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter.)

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve	£1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.

38, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Bombay	Singapore	Hoilo
Calcutta	Malacca	Hong-Kong
Madras	Kawala-Lumpur	Canton
Rangoon	F.M.S.)	Foochow
Colombo	Klang (F.M.S.)	Shanghai
Karachi	Seremban (F.M.S.)	Tientsin
Amritsar	Bangkok	Tsingtau
Delhi	Batavia	(North China)
Penang	Sourabaya	Hankow
Puket	Saigon	Peking
Taiping (F.M.S.)	Haiphong	Yokohama
Ipoh (F.M.S.)	Manila	Kobe
Medan (Sumatra)	Cebu	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities, Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Post Box No. 24.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON

BRANCHES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Do. Hongkew
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Teingtau
Hongkong	Peking	Yloilo
	Penang	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

49, Churchgate Street.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.

Bankers.—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to subscribes in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates: WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES, may be had on application to—

The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

LOST a ZANZIBAR GREY PARROT on Sunday last. A reward will be offered to anyone returning the same to occupant of top floor, WHITE HOUSE, Apollo Bunder. 1039

TO MOTORIST—Don't throw away your old tyres. Bring to the Michell Tyre Repairing Co., they will make them serviceable again for you.

Solid band tyres for big trucks fitted by hydraulic pressure. MICHELL TYRE REPAIRING Co., 5-12, Queen's Road, P. O. 2, Bombay. 311

WANTED

WANTED —A small airy flat in Fort for residential purpoces. Apply to Box No. 7 Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1023

WANTED—PAYING GUESTS for large well-furnished rooms. E. L. or Fans. Couple Rs. 225. Single Rs. 140. Apply Mrs. St POURCAIN, Edward House, Apollo Bunder. 1020

WANTED.—By educated Frenchman, Pupils desirous of learning French quickly and thoroughly. Address: MONSIEUR FALLOFIELD, Rafiya Mansil—1st floor, Wodehouse Road. 900

WANTED good LATHE TURNER for general work.

Regular employment with overtime.

State age, experience and wages required. Forward references. Apply to

THE MANAGER,
Hutti (Nizam's) Gold Mines, Ltd.,
1031 Raichur, Deccan.

WANTED—a EUROPEAN GENTLEMAN as a COMPANION to teach English. Must be a theist and of amicable and cheerful disposition and fond of travelling. Must be of a respectable family and of high character and morals. An Englishman preferable. Apply with testimonials stating age and salary required to Box No. 748 Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3264

WANTED EUROPEAN CARRIAGE EXAMINERS and ASSISTANTS, Salary Rs. 120 to 200 p.m., according to qualifications. Only applications from men with good mechanical knowledge or previous experience as Carriage Examiners will be considered. Apply to:—

CARRIAGE & WAGON SUPERINTENDENT,
North Western Railway,
1036 Moghalpura (Punjab).

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—WANTED a MILLWRIGHT for Jamalpur Locomotive Works on a salary up to Rs. 230 per month according to qualifications. None need apply who is not purely a Millwright, as men of the trade with a slight knowledge only of Mill-wright work are not required. Applications should be sent to the Locomotive Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Jamalpur.

R. S. HIGHET,
Agent,
Calcutta, 16th February, 1916. 1034

WANTED—a HEALTH OFFICER of the 2nd class possessing a degree of M.B.B.S., on Rs. 150-10-300 per mensem for the Shikarpur Municipality subject to the conditions laid down in Government Resolution No. 4090 of 28th May 1914. The candidate must state his age and credentials. Applications must reach the Vice-President Shikarpur Municipality before 15th March 1916, with copies of testimonials which will not be returned. Preference will be given to candidates who have already taken the Bombay Sanitary Course in Hygiene and Epidemiology.

(Sd.) H. MONTGOMERY,
President Shikarpur Municipality.
3272

WANTED the following staff for the Srikrishna College (II grade upto First Arts) Gujranwala. It is to be started from 15.5.1916.

PRINCIPAL, Rs. 400 to 600.

2 PROFESSORS to teach Philosophy, history, Mathematics, and Political Economy. Salary Rs. 150 to 250.

1 PANDIT to serve as Professor of Sanskrit, Pay Rs. 60 to 75.

1 PROFESSOR OF PERSIAN, Rs. 60 to 75. Salary according to qualifications. Only 1st class men need apply to:—

DEWAN MANGAL SEN,
1037 Gujranwala (Punjab).

WANTED for the Victoria High School, Barwani State, C. I.—

1 2ND ASSISTANT INTERPASSED, preferably a failed B.A., strong in Mathematics and Sanskrit. Salary Rs. 60 p.m.

1 3RD ASSTT. INTERPASSED, strong krit Literature and Grammar with know. the High School Classes on the new Methods. Salary Rs. 50 p.m. Failed Intermediates with teaching experience may also apply.

1 HEAD PANDIT—Proficiency in Sanskrit Literature and Grammer with knowledge of English equal to a Matric is essential Salary Rs. 40 p.m.

Applications with copies of testimonials and full particulars regarding nationality, age, experience, etc., must reach the undersigned not later than 1st of March, 1916.

G. B. GARUD,
Superintendent, Education,
1030 Barwani State, C. I., via Mhow.

WANTED

WANTED.—A MATRICULATED or SCHOOL FINAL passed hand for Gogha New Anglo-Vernacular School, Pay Rs. 20. Apply to MANAGER. 3256

WANTED—An experienced COMPOUNDER, See Dr. K. V. Talat. Morarji Gokaldas Building, Khetwadi Main Road. 3273

WANTED a large, second-hand MEETING TENT, single Fly, capable of holding 500 to 1,000 people for evangelistic meetings. Write H. A. POPLEY, London Mission, Erode. 1033

WANTED—At once a small furnished flat or good appartments, central vicinity all included. Apply to Box No. 749 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 327

MANAGER OR MANAGERESS for Ceylon Hotel. Moderate linguist preferred. Apply with full particulars to "COLOMBO," c/o Bombay Chronicle. 3216

WANTED.—A SECOND-HAND OIL ENGINE of good make, 30 to 50 h.-p., in working order. Apply to HOOSAINBHOY ABDOOLALLY, New Market, Karachi City. 3240

WANTED—A nice large AIRY ROOM with bathroom attached in the vicinity of Fort Rent moderate. Apply to Box No. 8, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1009

AN ENGLISH TRAINED NURSE offers to take charge of a child or be a companion to a lady in return for passage or half passage to England in March." Apply to Box No. 9, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1008

WANTED a second-hand BLEACHING and FINISHING PLANT for 1,500 lbs. a day, in perfect working order. Apply to Undersigned with detailed specification and lowest price expected:—THE LAHORE SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS, Shahdara, near Lahore. 1035

WANTED an INSTRUCTOR in tent making for the Gulburga Central Jail, in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions. Pay O. S. Rs. 75 per mensem (roughly equivalent to B. G. Rs. 64), only thoroughly experienced men need apply with testimonials.

THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF JAILS,
1032 Hyderabad (Deccan).

WANTED by the Busreh Municipality (Persian Gulf), a fully qualified MIDWIFE for Municipal Work in the town of Busreh to act under the Supervision of Civil Surgeon. Salary Rs. 120 per mensem, and with free quarters. Further information on application.

Native Christian preferred.

Apply with copies of testimonials to THE MILITARY GOVERNOR, Busreh. 1007

FOR SALE.

ZINC CHLORIDE, 98 per cent., Solid White and Fused of American Make, Immediate delivery for Rs. 55 per cwt. Apply H. J. HORMUSJEE & SONS. Ismail Building, Hornby Road. 3276

LADIES and Gentlemen going abroad may advantageously sell their Furniture, Piano etc., in one lot. Apply Box No. 20 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3103

FOR SALE.—An ALLDYCE MOTOR CYCLE, 3½ H.P. two speed gear in perfect running order. For price and further particulars apply to the MANAGER GENERAL MOTOR AGENCY, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay. 1020

LEVIS two-stroke 2½ H.P. Lightweight MOTOR CYCLE. Practically new, brought out from Home last August. In splendid condition and perfect in running. Apply to Box No. 10, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1008

FOR SALE.—A two seater with Dickie Seat, SWIFTE CAR 10—12 H.P. double cylinder Bosch Magneto, complete In excellent condition, going cheap. Apply to the MANAGER, GENERAL MOTOR AGENCY, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay 1021

SPECIAL VALUE.—65 Pairs of Gents' Gaiters in Puttie, Spring and Lace patterns of various sizes, made of good quality brown or black pig grain leather, also in smooth tan or black calf. When ordering please state size of calf over brooches also height of gaiter required.

Reduced prices Rs. 7/8, Rs. 10 and Rs 12.

For particulars of other lines reduced write for our R list.

THE CHROME LEATHER CO.,
612—14 MADRAS.

FOR SALE.—1. 3,000 Tons 3/0 B. and S. Standard 98 per cent. conductivity hard drawn bare copper cable with hemp core in lengths of 3,000 ft. or more.

2. 1,700 Steel pipes, 7in. inside diameter, 14 feet long, not threaded at either end. These have been in use a number of years as pole sockets.

3. 2,000 Jarrah wood poles used with item two. Drawing can be had on application.

4. 50 tons of scrap copper.

Earnest money of Rs. 200 to accompany each Tender. The quantities are not guaranteed and are either less or more.

For particulars apply to the Undersigned or refer to "Mysore Gazette," dated 17th February, 1916.

CHIEF ELECTRICAL ENGINEER,
to the Govt. of Mysore.
Bangalore, 7th February, 1916. 1008

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—Bungalow No. 23A, at Valkeshwar, Napeansea Road. Rent Rs. 185. Apply SALEMAHOMED HASSUM, Chuckla Street. 3268

TO LET—Two furnished bungalows and cottage, with out-houses at Lanoula. Property splendidly situated. For rent and further particulars, apply to "LANOULIE" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1039

TO LET—Second Floor of New Petit Mansions, Sleater Road, airy, commodious, open on West, North and South, up-to-date, with electric light, near tram, train and Victoria stand. Rent Rs. 135 Apply "S", 361, Hornby Road. 3155

TO LET—Well ventilated and breezy FLAT, Sussex Road, near Victoria Gardens. Large rooms with verandah. For rent and other particulars apply to Mr. S. S. PERRY, Arsenal Road, Poona, or to the Mali on premises.

TO LET—Furnished Bungalows (A) Victoria Lodge (No. II) at Marzbanabad, Andheri, and (B) Clifton Villa and Clifton Cottage, Khandala.

All splendidly situated with stables, out-houses, etc. Apply to Mr. KHAMBATA. Solicitor, 25, Church Gate Street. 1016

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder. Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to Rs. 125. Rooms can be furnished and arrangements for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER. 3063

TO BE LET.—FOUR COMMODIOUS BUNGALOWS on the foreshore of Varsova. Well ventilated and commanding an excellent view of Malabar, Cumballa, Worli and Bandra Hill. Rents moderate. Apply to Box No. 6 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1021

TO LET—Half flat fully furnished, Crockery, Cutlery &c., consisting of drawing and dining room, large and small bed-room. Use of kitchen, separate entrance. Rent Rs. 160. E. L. & F. and latest Sanitary arrangements. Apply to Box No. 4, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1010

NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of MADHOWRAO MOROBA PINGALE of Bombay Daivadnya Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, lately a Clerk in the Bombay Gas Company, Limited, retired prior to death. ..... Deceased.

GANPATRAO MADHAWRAO PINGALE, a Clerk in the employ of the Bombay Gas Company, Limited, of Bombay Daivadnya Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Dubash Lane, Girgaum Back Road, without the Fort. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this seventh day of February in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixteen and in the Sixth year of Our Reign.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI.

The 7th day of February 1916.

Messrs. NANU HORMUSJI & CO.,
3261 Petitioners Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament and the Codicil thereto of Bai NANIBAI, widow of SHA KALLIANDAS MOTIRAM and daughter of SHA MAGANLAL MOOLCHAND, late of Bombay Modh Bania Hindu Inhabitant. .....Deceased.

MEHTA NANDLAL TRIBHOWANDAS, of Sihor Modh Bania Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, now temporarily residing at Shamsett Street, without the Fort of Bombay. .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR BASIL SCOTT Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this sixteenth day of February in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the sixth year of Our Reign.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,

The 17th day of Feb. 1916.

Messrs. JEHANGIR SEERVAI MINOCHEHER & HIRALAL
3270 Petitioner's Attorneys.

THE ELPHINSTONE MILLS.

HARD WASTE FOR SALE.

TENDERS are invited for the sale of all the ready stock of different kinds of hard waste, both grey and coloured. Offers will be taken at the Mills by the Secretary till 22nd instant with Rs. 100 deposit. Tender form can be obtained at the Mills on applying to the SECRETARY. 3220

NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

No. 104 of 1916.

Re KUMBHAR LAXUMON MULJI, KUMBHAR RANA MULJI, KUMBHAR DEWSY MULJI and KUMBHAR DEWRAJ MULJI, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing jointly at Lady Jamshedji Road, Cross Lane, Mahim, outside the Fort of Bombay and who until lately carried on business in Bombay: adjudged insolvents.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Kumbhar Laxumon Mulji, Kumbhar Rana Mulji Kumbhar Dewsy Mulji and Kumbhar Dewraj Mulji have been this day duly adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court and it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.

Dated this 21st day of February 1916.

R. B. PATEL,
3275 Chief Clerk.

Chief Clerk's Office, High Court, Fort, Bombay, this 21st February 1916.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Anchor Line S. S. "CIRCASSIA" has arrived from Glasgow and Liverpool and discharges in the Alexandra Docks.

Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for our countersignature and to take delivery of their goods without delay.

Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of Consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay. Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the steamer's surveyor before the goods are removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse. All claims must be presented before the sailing of the steamer, otherwise, none will be entertained.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning. Holders of through B/Lading are requested to make written, not verbal, application regarding their goods, failing the undersigned will not be responsible for any delay caused by Consignees not being advised of arrival of such goods.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Bulding,
Bombay, 21st February, 1916. 3259

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership existing between Mr. A. J. HUGHES and our client Mr. S. F. R. VICAJI in respect of the agency business of the WESTERN INDIA TRANSPORT Co., Limited, has been dissolved by the retirement of the said Mr. A. J. Hughes who is proceeding to England. All debts due to and owing by the said firm of Messrs. Hughes Vicaji and Co. will be received and paid by our client the said S. F. R. Vicaji by whom the said business will in future be carried on in co-partnership with Mr. H. M. Mehta, of Bombay under the name, style and firm of Hughes Vicaji and Co.

MULLA & MULLA.
3274 Attorneys for Mr. S. F. R. Vicaji.

NOTICE.

FOR SALE—One complete Cotton Press of the Mercantile Press Co., Ld., situated at Bhavnagar with its Pucca Buildings. Particulars as under:—

Press made by Hozett.
Engine maker William Turner.
Boiler made by John Marshal & Co.
21x7 working pressure 125 Pounds.
For further particulars apply:—

Agents.—MUNJEE NATHOOBHOY & Co.,
No. 133, Samuel Street, Mandvi, Bombay.
Bombay, 18th February, 1916. 3265

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership subsisting between me and Mr. K. F. Kavarana who carried on business in the name of English Confectionery Manufacturing Company, was dissolved on 12th January, 1916, and that the said Mr. K. F. Kavarana has taken over the said business with all its liabilities and outstandings and has been carrying on the same, from the said date on his own account:—

CHAPSEY DOSSA,
3263

NOTICE OF SANDALWOOD SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will hold an AUCTION SALE of about 70 khandis (560 lbs. each) of Sandalwood billets assorted into 5 classes and of Saw Dust, chips, etc., at his office at Dharwar on MONDAY, the 28th February, 1916, at 3 p.m.

(Sd.) G. R. DUXBURY,
Divisional Forest Officer Dharwar.
Divisional Forest Office,
Dharwar, 10th January, 1916. 3070

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. GOCULDAS BENGAD has ceased to be in the employment of our clients Messrs. THAKURDAS KHINVRAJ and Co. and that the Power of Attorney given to him by our clients to act on their own behalf and on behalf of the Krishna Mills Ld., has been revoked.

Dated this 19th day of February, 1916.

MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Thakurdas Khinvraj and Co.
3260

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY

SHARE, STOCK, EXCHANGE, BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. Investors' reference sent on application. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.

Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks Firms and Mills.

Loans arranged on shares and approved security.

Life and Fire Insurance effected with first class English and Indian Companies.

Agency business of all sorts undertaken.

Address:—61, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telegraphic Address.—"SURETY," Bombay.

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT NEW TOWN DURGADEVI ROAD.

Under instructions from the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Jugjiwan Raisy Raja, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on THURSDAY, the 23rd day of March, 1916, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), pursuant to the power of sale given to the Mortgagee by an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 16th day of April, 1914, and expressed to be made between the said Jugjiwan Raisy Raja of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land containing by admeasurement 105 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 2979 and 3142, New No. 9925, Old Survey No. 4382-4462, and New Survey No. 2/5601, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 78-97 and Street No. 26-28 and which all premises are situated at New Town Doorgadevi Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Raja Ajra, on or towards the North by the Government Garden known as Northbrook Garden, on or towards the West by the property hereinafter secondly described and on or towards the South by the Doorgadevi Road.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay at New Town Doorgadevi Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 2979 and 3142, New No. 9922, Old Survey No. 4382-4462, New Survey No. 5601 and containing by admeasurement 118 6/9 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 7896, Street No. 22-24 and bounded on or towards the East by the property hereinbefore firstly described and on or towards the West by the property of Tyabally Gulam Husein, on or towards the North by the Northbrook Garden and on or towards the South by the Doorgadevi Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Mortgagee or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 22nd February, 1916.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

ON GOVERNMENT and G. I. P. Ry. LISTS.

No. 58, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

Residence Telephone No. 696.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE.

TO-MORROW WEDNESDAY the 23rd February at 2-30 p.m (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Godown in Hummum Street, next to Messrs. Duke and Son's Soda Water Factory (where the furniture has been arranged for Auction Sale) the very valuable high class substantial and neatpolished household and office teak and blackwood furniture, consisting of dining tables for 6 persons dining chairs, double meatsafes, dinner waggons, sideboards, marble top centre tables, tapestry and leather lined drawing room spring cushioned suites of sofas, and chairs, mahoganized artistic mirrored cabinets, easy and low chairs, Rocking chairs, curzon chairs, easels, square tiled and wooden top teapoys, phonographs, with records, fancy vases, revolving book cases, offices chairs, writing and office tables, Ladies writing tables, bookstands, carpets, large size glass screens, single and double glass and panel door almirahs, rich iron and brass bedsteads, dressing chests of drawers, dressing tables, marble topped washing tables, towel horses, baba easy chairs, dirty clothes baskets, umbrella stands, hatstands, verandah benches, iron folding chairs for the garden, table lamps, English dinner sets, etc., etc.

The property of an English Gentleman proceeded Home including that of others.

The above furniture is on view.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS

Kirloskar Sangit Mandali

GRANT ROAD

RIPON THEATRE

Wednesday, 23rd February, 1916,

at 9 p. m. (S.T.)

VIRATANAYA

Look out for Saturday's Announcement.

AMUSEMENTS

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

HOME OF CELEBRITIES.

Owing to the Great Success of the CHARLES HOWITT AND A. PHILLIPS COMPANY

who played last Saturday and previously with "HOUSE FULL" boards up, their season will be extended a week.

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30

The mystical comedy.

A MESSAGE FROM MARS.

How a selfish man's vivid dream alters his character and makes him take a kindly interest in his fellows. The messenger from Mars was the figure in his dream who caused him to see the error of his ways.

TO-MORROW AT 9-30

The powerful Canadian Drama

"THE LAND OF PROMISE."

Love at first sight is a possibility, but this play shows how love may come to two people, not in sympathy at all at the beginning, when they have time to appreciate one another's good points.

THURSDAY AT 9-30
FRIDAY AT 9-30

The great Classical Drama

"FOR THE QUEEN"

Adopted from Victor Hugo's famous novel "Don Caesar de Bazan"

SATURDAY, MATINEE AT 4-30.

The play that broke all records

"EAST LYNNE"

The pathetic tale of how a wife's unfounded jealousy wrecked a home, and the terrible retribution which overtook her. This play is Mrs. Henry Wood's masterpiece. It blends humour with tragedy in a remarkable way.

SATURDAY AT 9-30.

Sir George Alexander's Successes,

"THE THIEF"

A sensational Society Drama from the St. James' Theatre, London.

BOOKING at S. ROSE & CO.

EVENING PRICES Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 & As. 8.

Instructions for booking best available seats will be given at the theatre from 6-15 to 8-15 p. m.

SPECIAL MATINEE PRICES:

Rs. 2, Re. 1 and As. 8.

All Children half prices to Rs. 2 & 1 seats.

AT THE DOOR OF THE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE TAXICABS AND VICTORIAS ARE AVAILABLE AT THE CLOSE OF EACH PERFORMANCE, BUT CAN BE ASSURED IF NOTICE IS GIVEN AT THE BOOKING OFFICE DURING THE FIRST INTERVAL.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY

The Home of Select Cinema.

EVERY NIGHT AT 6-45 P.M.

(Howitt-Phillips Company performing at 9-30 p.m.)

THE MOST TALKED OF FILM IN BOMBAY.

3,700 feet long

"THE LIFE OF FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE"

The Soldiers' Heroine, who was the first lady to become an army nurse. QUEEN MARY paid tribute to her work by unveiling a memorial to her in ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL last week. All Bombay can pay tribute by learning her beautiful life story.

(ROYAL OPERA HOUSE EXCLUSIVE).

WIFFLES AGAIN!

This time in

A FAMILY INTRIGUE.

He is seen as himself, as his sister, and as himself impersonating his sister. A real comic French tangle!

SCENES IN TONKIN.

A coloured Chinese Travel subject.

Also the

PATHE GAZETTE

by the English Mail.

Prices: Rs. 1-8; Re. 1; As. 8 & 4.
Box Seats Rs. 2.

NOW SHOWING

The fourth instalment of the

BROKEN COIN

CASH PRIZES
Rs. 1,000.

OLYMPIA CINEMA

Sandhurst Road.

Telephone No. 1266.

Do you travel much? Any headaches? Slip a box of Stearns' Headache Cure in your pocket or travelling bag. Simply easy to take but effective.

Digitized by Chief Librarian, CRR, Pune on behalf of the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS

IMPERIAL CINEMA.

THE PREMIER PICTURE PALACE OF BOMBAY

The Final Episodes of

"THE CLUTCHING HAND."

His arrest and the extraordinary revelation of a dual identity, even more incongruous than the famous Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.

MATSUSHINA BAY	RIM OF DESERT	PATHE'S GAZETTE	WIFFLES DANCING PUMPS
Japanese Travel film.	A drama with a moral	Latest.	The best by M. Prince

NEXT WEEK

look out for

THE NEW EXPLOITS OF ELAINE

TIME—7, 8-45 AND 10-30 P.M. NIGHTLY.

PRICES AS USUAL.

6-30 EXCELSIOR THEATRE 10 p.m.

Last few nights! Last few nights! Last few nights!

PROVEANIE TROUPE
6 Wonderful Cyclists, from the Coliseum, London,

PROVEANIE TROUPE
6 Wonderful Cyclists, from the Coliseum, London.

THE LONDON FILM CO'S LATEST and GREATEST PRODUCTION.

"THE MIDDLEMAN"

Played and produced by an all star London Cast, featuring the **Famous London Stars.**

ALBERT CHEVALIER — **JANE CAIL** of "Prisoner of Zenda" fame — **GERALD AMES** of "Rupert of Hentzau" fame

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

Liverpool, Feb. 21.

Estimated Sales 2,000
Total Imports ..... Nil.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's price.	
Feb.	7.60	
Feb.-Mar.	7.55	
Mar.-Apl.	7.55	
Apl.-May.	7.52	
May-June.	7.50	
June-July.	7.47	
July-Aug.	7.45	—7
Aug.-Sept.	7.36	
Sept.-Oct.	7.29	
Oct.-Nov.	7.24	
Nov.-Dec.	7.20	
Dec.-Jan.	7.17	
Jan.-Feb.	7.13	

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

AMERICAN MARKETS

New York, Feb 19th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	33,000
„ Exports to Great Britain	23,000
„ „ to Continent ..	1,000
Futures at New York March ..	11.35—17
Futures at New York May ..	11.61—16
Spot Cotton at New York ..	11.45—10
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ..	11.37 Unchgd.
Futures at New Orleans March ..	11.05—20
Futures at New Orleans May ..	11.34—20
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ..	9½
Demand Bills	4.76.50
Silver Commercial Bars	56⅝

MONEY MARKET.

London, Feb. 19th.

Consols 2½ %	58⅜+⅛
Rupee Paper 3½% nominal.	54½
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	80¾ Unchgd
Government Securities 3%	69½
Exchange on London at Paris Francs	28.03 Unchgd.

THE MAILS.

London, Feb. 19th.

The Bombay Mails were delivered here to-day.

WAR LOANS.

London, Feb. 19th.

3½ % 1925—1928	£88¼+¼
4½ % 1925—1945	£97 1/16+1/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS REPORT.

London, Feb. 19th.

WHEAT.

No Quotations for Indian Wheats.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—62 lbs. Not offered.
Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. March 68/6+6d.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.

South Australian, Victorian, New South Wales } February unchgd. 68/6

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley.—Not offered.

SEEDS.

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Feb.-Mar. Sellers unchgd. 8
Toria Rapeseed Feb.-Mar. Buyers unchgd. 7¼

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Feb March Sellers unchgd. 77
Linseed Calcutta Feb.-March Buyers 83

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Feb.-Mar. Hull Buyers unchgd. £14-7-6

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£130½
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£108
Copper Braziers	£143
Yellow Metal	1[illegible]
Hard Spelter	[illegible]0
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/3
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool,	£27-15-0
Pig Iron, No. 1, Gartsherrie	£5-15-0

Unchanged.

FREIGHT.

Coals: Cardiff to Bombay Canal—Nominal.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Feb.-Mar. Sellers 3/2½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Mar. 3/6-⅛

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 O. & F. Calcutta March-April 19/4½
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi March-April 19/6
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta March-April 21/7½
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi March-April 21/9

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, Feb. 21.

The market to-day has ruled quiet but steady.

No business of any importance has been reported except bazaar jobbing.

Ready cotton is in moderate demand.

F. G. Bengal, 216.
Fine Akola, 269.
Good Broach, 284.

MESSRS. PATEL BROS' MID-DAY QUOTATIONS

Growths.		Fins.	F.G.	Good	Delivery.
M.G. Broach	..	286	..	283½	Apr. 1916
M.G. Bengals	..	..	220/1	..	Jan. 1917
M.G. Bengals	..	227	216	..	Mar. 1916
M.G. Sind Punjab	..	217	..	..	„
M.G. Khandesh	..	238	226	..	„
M.G. Wardha, Hinganghat		274	..	..	„
M.G. Nagpore	..	274	..	..	„
M.G. Akola Khgm.	..	259	..	..	„
„	..	263	..	..	May 1916
M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon	..	..	..	..	..
M.G. Broach	..	283	..	..	Mar. 1916
H.G. Westerns	..	..	..	272	A/May '16
M.G. „	..	..	..	284	„
H.G. Miraj	..	..	..	308	„
M.G. Compta	..	..	..	304	„
Saw Ginned Dharwar	..	..	..	306	„

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE Co., Ltd.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 21st February, 1916, 5-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine.	Fully Good.	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (M G.)	..	..	221	..	1/25 Jan. 1917
Bengals (M.G.)	229	227	215	..	Ready & March
	..	232	219	..	May.
Sciude-Punjab (M.G.)	..	219	209	..	Ready.
	..	220	212	..	March.
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	238	226	..	Ready.
	..	239	227	..	March.
	..	243	..	..	May.
Jalna (M.G.)	..	..	245	..	Ready
Barsee	..	..	270	..	Ready
Oomra M. G. (Fair-Staple)	..	257	249	..	Ready
Akola-Kghm.	..	259	251	..	Ready & March
Kaanja (M.G.)	..	263	..	..	May
Oomrawatee description M.G.	..	261	253	..	Ready & March
Dharwargaum	..	263	255	..	Ready & March
Poolgaum (M.G.	..	..	..	..	..
Yeotmal (M.G.)	..	268	260	..	Ready & March
	..	..	..	..	..
Nagpore	..	277	269	..	Ready.
Kamptl (M.G.)	..	275	..	..	March.
Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)	..	277	269	..	Ready & March
Broach (M.G.)	..	280	277	..	Ready
	..	284	281	..	March
	..	287	..	..	284 25 April
Mathia (M.G.)	..	238	226	..	Ready.
	..	..	..	..	..
Bhagalkote Bijapur (M.G.)	..	..	..	279	April/May
Sawdg. Dharwar	..	..	..	308	April/May
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	..	289	April/May
„ (H.G.)	..	..	..	283	April/May
Compta (M.G.)	..	..	..	306	April/May
Hiraj (M. G.)	..	..	..	310	April May

Except where otherwise mentioned Up-Country PRESSED AVERAGE STAPLE COTTON is quoted for. The Official Quotations of the Exchange are (unless otherwise started) "Jaitha Terms," i.e.' inclusive of 8 annas per vale of Muccadum allowance.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE,

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 24 hours up till 6 p.m on 19th February 1916:—

Cotton	13,913	Bales.
Wheat	1,758	cwts.
Linseed	5,889	„
Rape, Rai and Mastard Seed	2,980	„
Ginjellyseed	2,646	„
Groundnuts	15,184	„
Castorseed	18,764	„
Rice	8,401	„
Myrabollains	6,267	„
Cottonseed	14,397	„
Mowraseed	12	„

Eat hearty and enjoy it. Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract creates an appetite, helps digest food, assists in the body nourishment and strengthens broken down tissues. A 7.

Gram	1,601	..
Joowar	2,771	..
Maize	96	..
Barley	6,739	..

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Feb 21st—4 p. m.

	Ready	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	.. .. ..	44 0 0	6 9 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	.. .. ..	43 8 0	6 8 6
Wheat, Karachi Bangla.		43 0 0	6 8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi.		6 10 0	7 0 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	.. .. ..	6 6 0	6 12
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	.. .. ..	7 10 0	8 0 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	..	8 4 0	8 10 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	..	8 0 0	8 6 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	..	42 8 0	....
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	..	41 8 0	....
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	..	40 8 0	....
Teelseed, Black	.. ..	36 8 0	....
Poppyseed, White	..	7 14 0	8 6 0
Groundnuts	.. ..	43 0 0	....
Mowraseed	.. ..	3 10 0	3 14 0

Forward.	Rs. a. p.
Wheat April-May ..	6 9 3
Linseed May	8 12 0

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—
T. T. Ready ..... 1s. 4 1/8d.
D.-D. Mail ..... 1s. 4 5-32d.
T. T. Forward ..... 1s. 4 1-16d. April.
Banks' Buying Rates:—
Credis 3 Months' Sight Ready 1s. 4 7-16d.
Do. do. Forward... 1s. 4 13-32d. April.
Do. 6 m-s. ready ..... 1s. 4 11 16d.
Francs 3 m-s. do..... 194½.
60 d-s. Hong-Kong ..... 149½.
Do. Shanghai ..... 190½.
Do. Yokohama ..... 152½.

BULLION.

We quote:—

	Rs.
English Bar Gold	25-12-0
Australian Do.	25-0-0
Bombay Do.	24-12-0
English Shield Sovereigns	16-1-0
English Dragons	15-6-0
Silver ex-duty Ready	6910-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Feb. 21.

The Cotton Mill Share Market kept almost unchanged throughout the day but before close slightly eased off.

Tata Iron and Steel Deferred shares kept firm with slight fluctuations.

In Mill shares for March delivery Davids closed at Rs. 477½.

Fazulbhai were placed at Rs. 436½, Standards at Rs. 1,047½, Madhavji at Rs. 1,300, Centrals at Rs. 2,060 and Swadeshi at Rs. 535.

Currimbhai kept unchanged at Rs. 235. Indore Malwas improved to Rs. 265 and Indian Dyeing and Bleachings to Rs. 145.

Bombay Burma Trading shares were placed at Rs. 857½.

Bombay Electric Tramways Ordinary shares unchanged at Rs. 229½.

Tata Hydro Electric Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 1,145.

Tata Iron and Steel Ordinary shares improved to Rs. 122½. Deferred after touching Rs. 360 closed at Rs. 355.

Bundi Crescent Co. shares were placed in a big lot at Rs. 9.

Tapti Valley Ry. shares improved to Rs. 562½. Central Provinces Ry. shares changed hands at Rs. 114.

Bank of Bombay shares were in demand at Rs. 1,500 and Bank of India shares at Rs. 644 x. d. Bank of Baroda shares changed hands at Rs. 61 x. d.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent G. P. Notes was done in the vicinity of Rs. 84½.

4 per cent Port Trust Bonds were placed at Rs. 95.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 21.

The week at the share market opened with jute mill shares ruling steady to firm and a fair inquiry in evidence. The market appeared still to be keen upon Fort Williams which were done at Rs. 121 while Kanknarrahs advanced to Rs. 399 and there was some improvement in Barnagores. Coal shares attracted attention in a minor degree ruling quite steady and there was a fair amount of general business put through. The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Bengal Nagpore 43/8, 44, Bengal 764, Central Dharmaband 13, Nodiha 8, Phularitand 2/12, Rancegunge 30, Teetulmuri 12/4.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 338 to 341, Auckland (ord) 155, Barnagore (ord) 96/8, 87/8, 88, Budge Budge (ord) 389, 390, Clive (prefs) 108/8, Dalhousie (prefs) 113, Empire (ord) 24/8, 24/12, Fort Gloster (ord) 340, 344, 345, Fort William (ord) 120, 120/8, 121, Hooghly (prefs) 13/4, Howrah (ord) 197, Kamarhatty (ord) 311 to 315, Kanknarrah (ord) 395 to 400, Kelvin (ord) 353, Khardah (prefs) 102, Northbrook (ord) 23/8, 23/4, Soorah (ord) 126, 127, Standard (ord) 277, 278.

Tea: Baradighi 280, Banarhat (prefs) 114, Grob (prefs) 138, 139, Rydak 220.

Miscellaneous:—Bank of Bengal 1,600, 1,602/8, Burn and Co. 6 per cent prefs 102, Calcutta Ice 12/8, x.d., Carew and Co., 92, Sara Serajganj Railway 97, Titaghur Paper prefs 104/8.

Government Paper, 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 84/8 to Rs. 84/12 and small lots were done at Rs. 84/14 to Rs. 85.

PANTHERS IN SUBURBS OF MYSORE CITY

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, Feb. 21.

Panthers have become plentiful again in the immediate suburbs of Mysore city. Mr. W. Theobald on the 16th instant shot an unusually large brute measuring 7 feet 7 inches and weighing 125 lbs. Next morning he was called out to shoot another which was lying up in a betal garden, which he was obliged to stalk for some time. This was shot with a Mannlicher rifle and measured 6 feet 8 inches.

BANKS.

Names and Amount paid up.	Face value.	Div. Paid.	Last Div % p.s.	Quotations nett to buyers.
INDIAN BANKS.	Rs.			Rs.
Allahabad Bank ..	10	Jan.-July	18%	350
Alliance Bk., of Simla, Ltd.	100	Jan.-Aug.	14%	290
Bank of Baroda Rs. 50	100	Feb.-July.	9%	61X.D.
Bank of Bombay ..	500	..	15%	15,00
Bank of Bengal ..	500	Jan.-July	16%	1,490
Bank of India Rs.50	100	Feb.-July	6%	65X.D.
Bank of Madras ..	500	do.	12%	1,300
B'bay Merchants Bk Ltd., Rs. 20 ..	100	do.	..	2
Central Bk. of India Rs 35	50	..	5%	19¼
Central Co-op., Bk., Rs. 25	50	..	6%	
Poona Bk (Old Issue) Rs. 30	100	June	10%	Nom.
(New Issue) Rs. 15 ..	100	do.	..	Nom.
Punjab National Bk.	100	..	11%	170
Standard Bk. { O 50	100	Jan.-July	Nil.	6
P 50	100	do.	Nil.	22
EXCHANGE BANKS.	£			
Chartered Bank ..	20	Oct.-April	15%	£62½
Eastern Bank Ltd £4	£10	March	5%	59½
Mercantile Bank .. £ 12½ A	25	..	8%	£22
12½ B	25	..	8%	£54
Hongkong and Shanghai Bk. Corporation	$ 125	Feb.-Aug.	33%	56½
National Bank of India £12½	£25	Sept.-Mar.	16%	£41

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

			Last half Year Div.	
Ahmedabad Advance	500	May.	Nil.	850
Bhimani Cotton Mill	100	..	3	90
Bo. Cotton Manfg.	500	Nil.	..	165
Bo. Dyeing and Mfg. Company ..	250	..	20	730
Bombay United ..	250	..	10	465
Century	100	May-Nov.	3	207½
Central India O ..	500	May-Nov.	45	2,057½
Central India P ..	500	Mar.-Sept.	5%	460
China	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	30	440
Colaba Land & Mill ..	700	..	30	1,372½
Connaught	300	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.	100
Coorla	1,000	do.	Yr. 50	425
Crescent	100	April.	4	108½
Carrimbhoy	250	Mar.-Sept.	8	223
David	250	do.	20	477½
Edward Sassoon ..	200	May-Nov.	Nil.	197½
Emperor Edward ..	500	..	15	420
Empress	500	..	Nil.	100
Fazulbhoy	250	Mar.-Sept.	15	435
Framji Petit ..	1,000	May.	Nil.	1,180
Finlay Mills ..	250	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	240
Gold Mohur	500	..	15	460
Globe	100	..	Nil.	50 nom.
Hindustan	1,000	..	30	475
Howard & Bullough ..	500	Mar.-Sept.	15	275
Hyderabad	1,000	do.	40	1,300
Imperial Cotton ..	500	do.	Nil.	95
India Dyeing and Bleaching ..	100	do.	8	142½
Indian Manufg. ..	1,000	..	Nil.	350
Indo-China Mfg., ..	1,000	Mar.-Sept.	60	700
Indore Malwa ..	100	Apl.-Oct.	8	265
James Greaves ..	500	Dec.	Nil.	130
Jamshed Manufg. ..	250	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.	90
Jawraj Baloo ..	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	20	150
Jubilee Mills ..	1,000	May	Nil.	125
Khandesh	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	25	860
Khatao	1,000	June-Dec.	55	1,295
Kohinoor	500	May-Nov.	15	665
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	Mar.-Aug.	100	1,310
Madhowji Dharamsi ..	500	April	45	1,315
Madras United ..	1,000	June-Dec.	50	1,300
Manockjee Petit ..	1,000	do.	Nil.	1,700
Meyer Sassoon ..	100	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.	107½
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,000	..	45	2,200
Nawab of Cambay ..	500	Apl.-Oct.	20	300 nom.
New Great Eastern ..	200	..	Nil.	190
New City of Bombay ..	500	Apl.-Oct.	25	990
Phoenix	100	Mar.-Sept.	5	155
Presidency	1,000	Jan.-July	Nil.	195
Sassoon Cotton ..	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	500
Sasson Silk	500	April	Nil.	400
Sholapore	1,000	do.	150	4,900
Simplex	250	June-Dec.	12½	342½
Standard Mills ..	500	Nov.	20	1,047½
Sun	125	May-Nov.	5	95
Swan	250	Oct.	do.	215
Swadeshi	500	Mar.-Oct.	45	1,535
Textile	500	May-Oct.	40	1,180
Union Mill	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	200
Vishnu Cotton { O	500	..	Nil.	345
P	500	..	7%	610
Western India ..	1,000	..	30	370X.D.
Mysore Spinning ..	250	Sept.	Rs.15y	240

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown Co. ..	100	Oct.-May	5	442
All-India U. Co. Rs20	100	August.	Nil.	4
Bamankua	5	..	Nil.	3
Back Bay Bath ..	50	..	6	35
Bunnam Pile ..	70	June ..	7	83
Baroda Tram Co., ..	100	..	Nil.	40
Brick and Tile ..	80	..	..	8½
Bri. Burma Pat ..	100	Nil.	Nil.	100
Bo. Burma T. Corporation	125	Jan.-Aug.	15Hyr.	857½
B. Electric Sup. and T. Co. Ltd. { P	£10	Feb.-Aug.	6%	X.D 166
O	£10	July.	6%	229½
Bomb'y Ice. Mfg. ..	40	..	Rs. 2	20
Bomb'y Flour Mill ..	500	Mar.-Oct.	25	755
Bo. Land & Building ..	400	..	25	450
Bombay Steam Navigation Co. { P	250	Mar.-Sept.	10	232½
	250	Feb.-Oct.	6%	242½
Central I.M.Co. Ltd	10	April	1	29½
City of Bo. Bldg. Co.	500	Dec.-Jan.	25	450
Delhi Flour	200	Sept.	5	135
Empire of Life Rs 50	500	..	42%	375
The Eastern { O	£1	Nil.	Nil.	1sh. O.
Chemical Co. { 12sh.	2sh.	Nil.	Nil.	1sh. prem.
Indian Cement Co. Rs. 250	250	..	Nil.	150
Katni Cement { O	100	..	Nil.	110
D	40	..	Nil.	320
P	100	..	Nil.	116¼
Ind. Mercantile In. Co., Ltd. Rs. ..	100	Dec.	Nil.	5 nom.
Indian Cotton Oil Co. { O. { Old 10 New Issue 75	100	Dec.-July	7%	105
P. 150	100	Dec.-July	7%	80
	250	March.	7%	155
John Roberts & Co.	100	Oct.-July	15	200
Jost's Eng., Co., Ltd Rs. 50	100	July	6%	50
Kemp & Co., Rs. 175	200	do.	8.12	152
Kurrachee Landg. Rs. 75	200	..	Nil.	90
Marcks & Co. ..	100	July	5	70
Mackenzie's Saw Mills	100	..	Rs. 15	170 X.D.
Marsland Price Co. P	100	..	6%	80 nom.
Marsland Price Co. P	100	..	7%	65
O. Govt., S. Life A. Rs. 50	200	May	30%	480
Phillips & Co. ..	40	July	Rs. 4	45
Port Canning Co ..	1,000	Sept.	40	755
Shivrajpur Syndicate.	10	..	Nil.	21½
Sirdar Carbone Gas Co.	100	Mar.-Aug.	3	70 nom.
Soundav & Co. ..	100	..	Nil.	12½
Siddeley Ice Mfg. Co	100	..	6	100
Tata Iron Steel { O	75	Jan.	6%	122
Co. .. .. P	30	&	Nil.	355
Tata Hydro Elec. O	150	June	6%	156
„ P	1,000	Jan.	4%	1,145
Tata Hydro Deb. Com. P.S. ..	1,000	April-Oct.	5½%	5% prem 122
Thacker & Co. ..		May	25%	136
Telephone Co. ..		..	Rs. 4	4
Treacher & Co. ..		July	Nil.	425 X.D.
B—Buyer	Nom-	Nominal prices.		
CD—Cum divide	XD—Ex. dividend.			

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Akbar	750	May.	250	4,500 nom 05
Albert, Kurrachee ..	1,000	Nov.	45	97
Breul's Cawnpore ..	200	Aug.	Nil.	75
Bellary Press ..	275	..	15	125
Broach City ..	200	Oct.	8	97½
Fort	475	Nov.	20	220
Godavery Valley ..	100	..	8	75
Harvey and Sabapat	500	July	40	670
Hindustan P. & M. ..	250	..	..	125
Hingolee	100	Sept.	Nil.	25
Indian Cotton ..	125	Oct. ..	6½	121½
Jumna Ging & P. Co Ltd.	1,000	..	7%	700
Khangaum	400	Sept.	Nil.	300
Mahmudpura Ctn. ..	125	..	7½	106
Mahuva	200	Oct.	Nil.	125
Mercantile	125	do.	Nil.	20
Manmar Mfg. ..	250	Aug.	15	220
New East Indian ..	1,000	Sept.	40	790
New Mofussil Co., ..	400	Nov.	50	315
New Berar	500	Oct.	25	490
New Prince of Wales	500	do.	40	655
Sind	400	Nov.	Nil.	250
Surat City	200	Oct. ..	18	235
Volkart U.P.Co., Ld.	500	Sept.	20	495
Vardwan, G.P. ..	150	..	..	100

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka Railway	100	Mar.-Aug.	5½%	124
Amritsar Patti Rly.	100	do.	0%	153
Ahmedabad Prantij Railway	500	do.	8%	652½
Ahmedabad Prantij Debenture ..	500	do.	4½%	Par
*Central Provinces Railway	100	Jan.-July	4%	114½
*Dhond—Baramati Railway	100	do.	4½%	108 X.D.
*Guzerat Railway ..	100	Nov.-June	4%	98
Hosiarpur Doab Ry. Rs. 100	100	Apl.-Oct.	4%	114
*Mandra Bhon Rly. Rs. 90	100	do.	4%	86
*Pachora Jamur Rly Rs. 50	100	Jan.-July.	4%	41
*Sara Sirajganj Ry Rs. 100	100	Jan.-July	4%	96
Sialkot Narowal Ry Rs. 75	100	Jan.-July.	4%	105½
*Sind Light Rly. ..	100	Mar.-Aug.	7%	163
Tapti Valley Rly. ..	500	Mar.-Aug.	5%	562½
Upper Sind Light Rly. Rs. 100 ..	100	Jan.-July	4%	11[illegible]

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Feb. 20

Ferrara	Feathers	Abidan

Feb. 21.

Lady Charlotte	Smith	Port Said
Taisho Maru	Ogawa	Momoran

The following Steamers entered the Docks for loading:—

Steamer	Bombay Maru	for Kobe
„	Taisio Maru	for Kobe
„	Richard Nordraak	for Bangkok
„	Ferrara	for Persian Gulf
„	Millpool	for London
„	Orseolo (to arrive)	for Calcutta
„	Java Maru (to arrive)	for Kobe.

S. S. Ferrara:—The s. s. Ferrara, 717 tons, Captain W. Feathers arrived here on Sunday from Abadan, which port she left on the 6th instant in ballast.

S. S. Lady Charlotte.—The s. s. Lady Charlotte, 2,375 tons, Captain J. M. Smith, arrived here on Monday from Port Said, which port she left on the 4th instant in ballast.

S. S. Taisho Maru.—The s. s. Taisho Maru 2,740 tons, Captain T. Ogawa, arrived here on Monday from Momoran, which port she left on the 8th January in ballast.

S. S. Bombay Maru.—The Japan Line steamer Bombay Maru, 3,195 tons, Captain Y. Kohayashi, will sail to-day for Kobe with a general cargo on board

S. S. Porto-de-Alexandretta.—The s. s. Porto-de-Alexandretta, 2,580 tons Captain L. Tanlango, left the Bombay harbour on Monday for Genoa, with a general cargo and passengers.

Monday, 20th Feb. 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A. Warley Pickering.....W. & A. G. & Co
B. Bombay Maru.....Kobayashi.....N. Y. Kaisha
C. & H. Katinga.....Forsyth.....W. & A. G. & Co
D. & E. Ilwen .....Paul.....W. & A. G. & Co
F. Reimer.....Lemostre.....T. M. & Co
K. Forfar .....Venus.....W. & A. G. & Co
M. Kowett.....Wilson.....T. S & Co
N. Athenic.....Storm.....J. F. & Co
O. Medomsley.....T. M. & Co
P. Horatius.....Thomson.....W. & A. G. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Ponani.....B. S. N. Co
Mahanadi.....B. S. N. Co
Indravati.....B. S. N. Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Shirala.....Adamsbrock.....M. M. & Co
3 Glenmay.....Brown.....W. & A. G. & Co
5 Rahmani.....Wheeler.....T. M. & Co
8 Rhenania.....Merl.....M. Italiana
9. Streathern.....McKenzie.....W. & A. G. & Co
12 & 13 Orwara.....MacLein.....M. M. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Linga.....Cutbush.....M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Malta.....Talbot.....P. & O. Co
3 Ricaldo.....J. F. & Co
6 Circasia.....Osborne.....W. & A. G. & Co

M. W. D. D.

Santaren.....Chapman.....T. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Athenic.....Storm .....
Bahrein.....Bouvit.....T. M. & Co
Bhesania.....Merlo.....Maritima Italiana
Circassia.....Osborne.....W. & A. G. & Co
Keuken Maru.....Takai.....
Lady McCallum.....Robins.....M. M. & Co
Linga.....Cutbush.....M. M. & Co
Millpool.....Thomas .....
Richard Nordraak.....Hun.....
Subedar .....Crebin.....Asiatic S.U. & Co
Shirala.....Adambrooke.....M. M. & Co

EXPORTS.

Feb. 21.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Madomsley (s) 72 bales wool, S. Maharbux; 15 bales wool, M. Balia; 3 bales wool, E. Dossa and Co.; 130 bales hemp, J. Rustomjee; 101 cwts. linseed oil cakes, F. F. Campbell and Co.; 180 cwts. old India rubber, A. Meyer; 300 cwts. kismiss, R. C. Nazir and Co.

Lady Charlotte (s) 12 bales wool, J. Rajmull; 166 bales wool, E. Dossa and Co.

Horatius (s) 20 bales wool, D. Chetandas; 725 bales wool, Bombay Co.; 111 bales wool, M. J. Joomabhoy and Co.; 16 bales wool, goat hair, M. J. Joomabhoy and Co.; 4 bales wool, goat hair, R. M. Kooka; 7 bales wool, R. M. Kooka; 700 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 250 cwts. kismiss, T. Narpal; 275 bales cotton fly, K. Visram and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Lady Charlotte (s) 110 bales goat skins, C. J. Mathews and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Kashmir (s) 540 cwts. linseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HULL.

Waverly Pickering (s) 10,000 cwts. cotton seed, K. Keshavji and Co.; 2,000 cwts. cotton seed, S. Maloni.

Rinalds (s) 932 cwts. cotton seed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR NEW YORK.

Remier (s) 10 cases ganja, M. Jafferbhoy; 200 cwts. dry ginger, R. Jiwandas and Co.; 2 pots ginger grass oil, Volkart Brothers; 4 pots palmarose oil, Volkart

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

B. D. Petit Parsi General Hospital. Adjourned General Meeting, 5-30 p.m.
Bankura Famine Relief Fund Committee meeting at Hall of Bombay Presidency Association, Apollo Bunder, 6.15 p.m.
Bombay Art Society's Conversazione, Town Hall, 9-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, February 23.

Municipal Standing Committee Meeting 4-10 p.m.
Bombay Art Society's Exhibition, Town Hall.
Bombay Races, Mahalaxmi Race Course.
Western India Lawn Tennis Championship, entries close.

THURSDAY, Feb. 24.

Dr. Moulton's Lecture on 'Aryan Social and Religious Institutions,' Convocation Hall, 6 p.m.
P. and O. s. s. Nagoya with English Mails of 4th instant due at 6 p.m.

FRIDAY, Feb. 25.

Address by Sir John Prescott Howett, former Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces, on the work of the Joint Committee of the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John of Jerusalem. Headquarters of the Women's Branch of the Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund, Science Institute, Mayo Road, Bombay, at 5-30 p.m., his Excellency the Governor presiding.

SATURDAY, Feb. 26.

Bombay Medical Union, annual general meeting, 7-15 p.m., Dinner 8.45 p.m., Readymony Building, Apollo Pier Road.

SUNDAY, Feb. 27.

Mr. C. P. DeCunha's Lecture on "Classical v. Romantic Art," under the presidency of the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman, Instituto Luso-Indiano Hall, 6-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 p.m., 10 p.m., Bandmann Varieties.
New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

DEATH.

TURKHUD—VIJAYA, the dearly beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Turkhud, brother of Mr. B. S. Turkhud, on Saturday, the 19th February, at Kandawadi, Bombay.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders By Lieut.-Colonel Stanley Reed, A.D.C., Commanding.

February, 22.

Riding School, Fort.—Daily for Recruits and Members in possessbion of remounts at 7-15 a.m. Dress.—Khaki Shirts, Regimental saddles, and swords.

Riding School.—Santa Cruz.—Daily for Recruits and members in possession of remounts at 7 a.m.

Parades.—"A" and "B" Troops will parade on Wednesday 23rd instant at 7-15 a.m. Rendezvous Church Gate Station (All members will attend) Dress.—Drill Order with arms. Khaki Shirts.

"C" and "D" Troops will parade as follows:—To-day Tuesday 22nd instant at 7 a.m. Rendezvous Jackal Club Flats. Dress.—Drill Order with arms, Khaki Shirts.

Wednesday 23rd instant at 7 a.m. Class for N. C. Officers. Rendezvous Camp, Riding School.

Friday 25th instant at 7 a.m. Sword Exercise. All members will attend) Rendezous Camp Riding School. Dress.—Drill Order with swords, Khaki shirts.

Embarkation.—Duty to-day Tuesday 22nd instant at 7 a.m. at Alexandra Dock, Jetty end. Memerb detailed by Troop Leaders will attend.

A. R. BARID, Lieut.
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By Lieut-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

Feb. 22.

36. Billets.—Saturday 26th inst.—"C" and "D" Companies will parade at Church Gate Station at 2-40 p.m. and proceed to Billets at Santa Cruz under Company arrangements. No men must travel without tickets which will be issued by Officers Commanding Companies who should submit a return to Headquarters by 6 p.m. on Tuesday 22nd instant stating probable numbers of Officers and men in their Companies who will attend.

31. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted as follows:—

"G" Company Tuesday February 2nd.
"G" Company Thursday February 24th.
"E" Company Friday February 25th.

All men in above Companies mus complete their musketry on above dates. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m.

33. Clothing.—No Clothing or Equipment will be issued from Quartermaster's Stores during March.

37. Examination Proficiency Certificates.—In accordance with Para 77. A. R. I. Vol. IX, a board of examianation at 7-15 a.m. on Thursday the 2nd March 1916 for the purpose of examining candidates for proficiency certificates of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

President.—Major G. B. de M. Mairis, D.S.O., General Staff, Bombay.

Members.—Major C. N. Moberly (Adjutant) Bombay Vol. Rifles and Captain E. G. Ford, 108th Infantry.

MONDAYS.

1. Parades for the period ending 29th instant.

"F" Company parade at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m. Dress.—Drill order, khaki with helmets. All members must attend.

"C," "D" and "F" Companies Recruits at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m.

"G" Company Signalling Class, at 7-15 a.m. on the Bandstand Cooperage.

TUESDAYS.

"G" Coy. at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana.

"G" Coy. Recruits at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana.

"G" Coy. Bayonet Fighting at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana, 3 men from Sections 1, 2 and 3 to be detailed and must attend.

"D" Coy. at Telegraph Quarters at 7 a.m. Dress.—Drill order, helmets, rifles, etc.

"G" Coy. Recruits at 6 p.m. at Headquarters.

"G" Coy. at 6 p.m. at the Gymkhana. Pali Hill men and others who have permissiom to drill in the evening.

"C" Coy. will parade at Headquarters at 6 p.m. sharp. All members are expected to attend.

"J" Coy.—Coy. parade Nos. 3 and 4 Sections, at 5-15 p.m. at Headquarters. Dress.—Drill order, shorts.

WEDNESDAY.

"C," "D," "E," and "F," Cos. Recruits at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m.

"J" Coy. Recruits at 7-15 a.m. at Headquarters.

Signallers of all Companies will parade on the Cooperage for instruction under the Brigade Signalling Officer at 7-15 a.m. until further orders. Proficiency Candidates will parade at 7-15 a.m at Headquarters. Dress.—Mufti with rifles and side arms.

"E" (Cyclist) Coy. will parade at Headquarters, at 6-30 p.m. once a week until further notice.

"J" Coy. Route March Fall in at Headquarters at 9-15 p.m. Dress.—Review order, with Glengarry bonnets.

The Band will parade with Instruments. Those without Highland Dress need not attend

THURSDAYS.

"D" Coy. at 6-15 p.m. at the Telegraph Quarters. Dress.—Drill Order, helmets, rifles, etc.

"G" Coy. at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana. Pali Hill men and others who have permission to drill in the evenings must attend.

"G" Coy. Recruits at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana.

"J" Coy.—Coy. parade Nos. 1 and 2 Sections at 7-15 a.m. at Headquarters, Dress.—Drill order shorts.

Proficiency Candidates will parade at 6-30 p.m at Headquarters. Dress.—Mufti.

FRIDAYS.

"J" Coy. Recruits at 7-15 a.m. at Headquarters.

"G" and "E" Cos. Recruits at Headquarters, at 7-15 a.m.

"B" Coy. parade at 7 a.m. Coy. drill at Headquarters.

"C," "D" and "F" Cos. Recruits at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m.

"G" Coy. Bayonet Fighting at 7-15 a.m. at the Gykhana, 3 men from Section Nos. 1, 2 and 3 to be detailed and must attend.

SATURDAYS.

"G" Coy. Signalling Class at 7-15 a.m. on the Bandstand Cooperage.

38.—"A" Coy. Signaliers will parade at a time and place to be announced departmentally.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

NOTICE.

It is proposed to hold Competitions under service conditions on the Range at Ghat Kopar as follows:—

Sunday, March 5th, for Marksmen only.
Sunday, March 12th, for 1st Class Shots only.
Sunday, March 19th, for 2nd Class Shots only.
Sunday, March 26th, for Recruits only.

Full details will be published later, but probably Individual and team competitions will be held on each of the above dates. Men will only be allowed to fire on the dates allotted to their classification in the Annual Rbeturn of Musketry for the current season.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY

Corps Orders by Major Pennington, V.D., Commanding.

Feb. 21.

No. 71—Duties.

Duties for the week commencing 20th February, 1916:—

Orderly Sergt. No. 1 Company G. B. Banks.
Orderly Sergt. No. 2 Company Sergt. R. A. Sherren.

No. 72—Parades.

Nos. 1 and 2 Companies will parade as follows:—

Monday 21st at 7 a.m. Signallers' Parade at Cooperage Bandstand.

Wednesday 23rd at 7 a.m. 6" B. L. C. Battery Drill at Mahaluxmi Fort.

Sunday 27th 6" B. L. C. Elementary Practice at Mahaluxmi Fort.

Time of parade will be notified later.

NO. 3 COMPANY, KIRKEE.

Practice will take place on 19th March, 1916. All members must attend this practice unless a Medical Certificate is furnished to the Officer Commanding, No. 3 Company Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

Members are therefore requested to attend the following parades:—

BATTERY DRILL.

Sundays 11 a.m. at Factory Gate.
Fridays 4-45 p.m. at Factory Gate.

GUN DRILL.

Wednesdays 8 a.m. at Factory Gate.

Any member who intends going on leave must also make an application to the Officer Commanding Company.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER COMPANY.

E. E. Company will parade at Apollo Bunder on Wednesday the 23rd instant at 6-15 p.m. for Defence Light Manning.

(Sd.) J. DODDS, 2nd-Lieut.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BAND AT THE R. B. YACHT CLUB.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6 p.m.

March—"Wellington" ..... Blankenberg.
Overture—"Poet and Peasant" ..... Suppe.
Valse—"The Faires in the Land"... Anclife.
Selection of—"Tosti's popular Songs" Pouhegr.
Song (Cornet solo)—"Where My Caravan has rested" ..... Lohr.
Melodies from —"The Dancing Mistress" ..... Monckton.
Polka Caprice—"Les Chanteurs Hongrois" ..... Michiels.
Polha Caprice—"Les Chanteurs Hongroes" ..... Michiels.

FATAL BURNS.

A Mahomedan girl named Ashabi living with her parents in Foras Road accidentally set fire to her clothes on Sunday and died at night.

TELEGRAPHIC COMMUNICATION WITH LOWER BURMA.

The acceptance of ordinary telegrams, which owing to interruptions to telegraph communication was stopped on the 19th instant, has now been resumed for Lower Burma.

BOY RUN OVER AND KILLED BY BULLOCK CART.

A Hindu boy named Ramdas Sambhu, who was living in De Lisle Road, seeing a bullock cart approaching him tried to get on the footpath, but in doing so he ran into the bullocks and was knocked down. The cart passed over him and death was instantaneous.

CARELESS BIDI SMOKING.

A mendicant named Mukbai Elliah, whilst lighting a bidi on the Foras Road, accidentally let fall the lighted match on his clothes, setting fire to his clothes. He was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital for treatment, as he had received severe burns all over the body.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY'S EXHIBITION

A conversazione in connection with the Bombay Art Society's Annual Exhibition will be held at 9-30 p.m. to-night at the Town Hall. The exhibition will be open to the public from 8-30 a.m. to 8 p.m. (S. T.), every day from to-morrow (23rd February), to 11th March, 1916. The admission fee is Ans. 4.

BANKURA FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

A meeting of the proposed Bombay Committee of the Bankura Famine Relief Fund will be held this evening at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.), in the Hall of the Bombay Presidency Association, Apollo Bunder, to consider the suggestions for extending the scope of the work of the above committee to Rajputana, Kathiawad and Cutch, to appoint office-bearers and to do any other work brought forward by the Hon. Secretaries.

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

PLEA OF SELF-ACQUISITION.

A JOINT FAMILY SUIT.

KESHAV SITARAM LAYAL v. DENIKAR DAJI LAYAL

(Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Heaton.)

This was an appeal against the decree of the District Judge of Ratnagiri, who confirmed the decree of the Sub-Judge of Dapoli.

The plaintiff brought the present suit for possession against the first defendant along with his two brothers and his father. The plaintiff alleged that in a former suit brought by him in 1911 against the father of the first defendant for partition of his half share, a consent decree was passed, by which the survey numbers in the present suit along with others were assigned to the share of plaintiff and that the first defendant wrongfully dispossessed the plaintiff in spite of that decree. Defendant contended that the decree against his father was not binding upon him, as, though major, he was not a party to it, that the partition was unfair, that the property in the present suit was his self-acquired and that, therefore, the present suit for possession of a few plots could not lie.

The Court of first instance held that the properties in suit were not the self-acquisition of the first defendant and passed a decree in plaintiff's favour, without deciding whether the partition decree between the present plaintiff and the first defendant's father was binding on the first defendant. The Lower Appellate Court confirmed this decree.

On appeal to the High Court, it was contended for the defendant appellant that the former partition decree was not binding upon the first defendant and that plaintiff's proper remedy was to bring a suit for partition against the defendant and not one for possession.

Their Lordships set aside the decree of the Lower Courts, ordered that, as both the Lower Courts had incorrectly found against the plea of self-acquisition set up by the first defendant, plaintiff was entitled only to a declaration that the properties in suit formed part of the joint ancestral estate, and that plaintiff's suit for possession cannot be as against the first defendant who though major, was not a party to the partition decree against his father and that each party should bear his own costs throughout.

Mr. P. V. Kane appeared for the appellant-defendant.

Mr. K. N. Koyaji appeared for the respondent-plaintiff.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR TUESDAY, THE 22ND OF FEBRUARY, 1916.
Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar.
In the Division Court No. 40.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Short Causes.

1311-15.—Jehangir S M & H, Nemchand Maneckchand & anr, v. Nihalchand Serchand, Khanderao L & M.
1313-15.—Jehangir S M & H, Nemchand Maneckchand, & anr, v. Tuljaram Harakchand, & ors, Raghavaya N & Co, against 3rd defts. only.
1340-15.—Malvi H M & R, Shivrattandas Pragdas, & ors, v. Rawatmal Jairamdas, & ors,.
1451-15.—Malvi H M & R, Sagarmal Jainarayen, & ors, v. Rajudatt Prasadsingh Bahadur, & anr.
1455-15.—Captain & Vaidya Shaik Abdul Rahim Khodabux, v. Chowdhari Nawabali bin Goolam Mohidin.
1456-15.—Bhai K & Gir, Beharilal Kunjlal, a firm, Harnamal Bilasrai, a firm.
1463-15.—Merwanji K & Co, Rustonji Manchorji Kooka, v. Mochi Narayen Govind & ors.
1466-15.—Smetham B & Co, MacKenzie Lyall & Co, a firm, v. Guanawani Nachiar.
20-16.—Nanu H & Co, Balcrishna Vishnoo Vaigankar, & anr, v. Ganpati Dnyanoba Tandulradkar, & ors.
46-16.—Khanderao L & M, Yeshwadabai, widow, v. Gopal Vithu Shete, Jehangir S M & H.
71-16.—Jehangir S M & H, Thacker Mowji Lilladhar, v. Thacker Cursondas Coorji, & anr, Payne & Co.
97-16.—Manecklal & Co, Harichand Rupchand, & anr, v. Makundnath Krishnanath Khote, & anr.
98-16.—Manecklal & Co, Harichand Rupchand, v. Dayanath Krishnanath Khote, & ors.
99-16.—Motichand & D, The Bombay Provincial Bank, Ltd, v. Ebrahim Mahomed Usman, & ors.
113-16.—Nanu H & Co, Haji Abdul Rehman Haji Ayoob, v. Bai Zulikhabai, widow.
114-16.—Captain & Vaidya, Bai Jelbai, widow, v. Bai Monghibai, widow, Pandia & Co.
115-16.—Maneck Dastoor & Co, Abdullabhoy Jaffer, & anr, v. Sakinabai, widow, Payne & Co.
121-16.—Motichand & D, Messrs Hansraj Kissonlal, a firm, v. Messrs Ganesh Bahadur, a firm.
For Consent Decree.
121-15.—Bhai K & G, Khimji Dayal, & ors, v. Meghji Vallabhdas, Patell & Ez.
For Further directions and Costs on Acting Comr's Report.
703-15.—Mulla & M, Basil N. Lang, v. Ginaji Hunchaji, Amin & D.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.
641-15.—Madh K & C, B N Lang, v. Shivjibhai Hassain, a firm, Payne & Co.
744-15.—Smetham B & Co, Wanna Rajaji & a firm, v. Krishnarao Gopalrao Gaikwad, Subnis & G.
1131-13.—Patell & Ez, Rahimtulla Meherally, & ors, v. Kassambhai Allibhai, Payne & Co.
934-15.—Mulla & M, Pestonji Dhanjibhoy Patell, v. Cooverbai, widow, & ors, Edg G W & Co.
378-15.—Malvi H M & R, Kasturchand Sadasukh, v. Chhaganlal Chunilal, Hiralal & Co.
1074-15.—Edg G W & Co, Jagneshandas Jamnadas Mody, v. Bai Hurkar, widow, Surveyer & Co, for a peuper
924-15.—Dubash & Co, Augustine Rozario Sequeira, v. Joseph Peter Mendonca, Edg G D & Co.
969-15.—Little & Co, Messrs Ralli Bros, a firm, v. Messrs Chugondas & Co, a firm, Payne & Co.
364-15.—Jehangir S M & H, Shivji Ludha & ors, v. Gorbai, Motichand & D.
807-15.—Jam R & D, Padamsey Meghji, v. Luchmondas Jamnadas, Daph F & D.
626-15.—Tyabji D & Co, Madanji Juthabhai, v. Nemchand Bhimji & ors, Moti & D.
451-15.—Captain & V, The Official Assignee of Bombay, v. Gulamali Mulla Abdulali, Payne & Co.
Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.
In the Division Court No. 43.
For Judgment on Preliminary Issue.
503-15.—N C Dalal, Manilal Premchand, a firm, v. Manilal Mulji, a firm, Payne & Co.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.
203-15.—Motichand & D, Messrs Balchand Agarchand, a firm, v. Fulchand Matrumal, a firm, & anr, Malvi H M and R, Part Heard.
1396-14.—Payne and Co, The Standard Bank, Ltd. v. Birdichand Jivraj and anr, Matubhai J & M.
49-15.—Merwanji K & Co, Chaturbhuj Gordhandas, v. Vithaldas Mohanji and anr, Rustomji & G.
454-14.—S A Tyabjee, Balcrishna Ramchandra Pandre and anr, v. Ramchandra Tukaram Pandre & ors, D J Mantri, Judah and S, In person.
1175-15.—Payne and Co, Sir Mahomed Yusuf Haji Ismail, Kt, v. J Sanders Slater, Tyabji D and Co.
373-12.—Bhaishanker K & G, Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal v. Purshotam Jivandas, Payne and Co.
1491-14.—Unwalla P and P, The Advocate-General of Bombay, v. Prangovind Shivprasad & ors, Bhaishanker K & Co
250-13.—Khanderao L & M, Ramkrishna Raghunath Desai & ors, v. Purshotam Raghunath, & ors, Dikshit & Pur.
83-15.—Mirza M & M, Haji Ali Mahomed Jalal, v. Dhulla Kuppa, & anr, Mehta D & L.
188-13.—Dhanjishaw & B, Mathurdas Topan, v. Prahladji Sewakram, & ors, Edg G W & Co, Daph F & D.
1513-14.—Edgelow G W & Co, Ranchoddas Purshotam Morarji, v. Bai Manibai, widow, & ors, Bhimji & Co.
852-15.—Little & Co, Haji Yoseuf Haji Esmail Sobhani, v. Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla, Mehta D & L.
939-15.—N C Dalal, Oodhomji Ramji, v. Raghunath Babaji Jaoke, Smetham B & Co, For Postponment.
959-15.—Amin & Desai, Haridas Kalidas, v. Raghunath Babaji Jaoke, Smetham B & Co, For Postponment.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

TEMPTATIONS OF THE TURF.

GOLDSMITH'S CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

Before the Second Presidency Magistrate, at Mazagon, Inspector Barnes charged a Hindu goldsmith, Javerchand Raghoji, with criminal breach of trust in respect of six tolas of gold valued at Rs. 144 belonging to Maddan Hakka.

The accused who was employed by the complainant Maddan Hakka was entrusted with the gold on the 30th January last and he disappeared on 1st February.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge. He said he had spent Rs. 50 at the races and the balance on other things. The accused was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

DESERTER HANDED OVER TO MILITARY AUTHORITIES.

Before the Second Presidency Magistrate, at Mazagon, Deputy Inspector Home, charged Etoba Narayan, a Hindu aged 25, with being a deserter. The accused who was a sepoy in the 105th Maratha Light Infantry stationed at Poona deserted his regiment about a year ago. He was arrested at Masjid Bunder on the 18th instant by a sepoy of the same regiment named Nana Khondiba.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be handed over to the military authorities for being dealt with.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Acting Third Presidency Magistrate Mr. Payne, solicitor, appeared and presented an information on behalf of Mr. B. G. Horniman, editor of the "Bombay Chronicle", charging A. H. Brewin, proprietor and publisher of the "Briton," a weekly newspaper, with defamation.

The Magistrate ordered a summons to be issued against the accused.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 21st February 1916 was 30.132 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given per.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.	LOW WATER Day of Month	Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Still.
	Feb.	h. m.	ft. in.	Feb.	h. m.	ft. in
Mon.	21	m 0 33	28 9	21	m 6 38	16 7
		0 49a	27 8		6 31a	16 6
Tues.	22	m 1 1	28 7	22	m 7 4	16 2
		1 26a	27 7		7 22a	17 2
Wed.	23	m 1 30	28 3	23	m 7 32	16 1
		2 6a	27 2		7 36a	18 2
Thur.	24	m 2 0	27 8	24	m 8 7	16 1
		2 52a	26 7		8 16a	19 8
Fri.	25	m 2 34	26 10	25	m 8 51	16 5
		3 48a	25 11		9 7a	20 7
Sat.	26	m 3 16	25 11	26	m 9 47	17 0
		4 58a	25 4		10 18a	21 8
Sun.	27	m 4 17	24 11	27	m 11 2	17 6
		6 37a	25 3			

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Feb.	Sunrise	Sunset
21 (Monday)	7h. 5m.	6h. 41m.
22 (Tuesday)	7h. 4m.	6h. 42m.
23 (Wednesday)	7h. 3m.	6h. 42m.
24 (Thursday)	7h. 3m.	6h. 42m.
25 (Friday)	7h. 2m.	6h 43m.
26 (Saturday)	7h. 1m.	6h. 43m
27 (Sunday)	7h. 1m.	6h. 43m

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

Full Moon	1916	February 19d.	7h.	58-6m. a.m.
Last Quarter		26d.	2h.	58-8m. p.m.
First Quarter		March 4d.	9h.	27-6m. a.m.
Full Moon		12d	0h.	2-9m. a.m.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay 20th February, 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr ..	29.831	Inches
Temperature of Air	74.7	degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	69.3	"
Dew point	66.8	"
Relative humidity of Air.....	0.799	"
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	2.0	"
Maximum Temperature of Air	81.7	"
Minimum do. do	70 3	"
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight.....	SSE,E,WN	
Movement of Wind do do	133 Mil	

BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.

A YEAR OF DEVELOPMENT.

In the course of their fortieth annual report, the Committee of the Bombay Young Men's Christian Association, observe as follows:—

While 1914 was marked by growth in the Association's activities in the city, 1915 has been a year of development. With the opening of the "Procter Branch" building by H. E. the Governor of Bombay in March, and of the "Byculla Branch" building by Lady Willingdon in August, the great New Buildings' Scheme of the Association has been brought to a successful conclusion. The Association now owns four handsome buildings, suitable homes for four different branches of work, and when an outstanding promised donation of Rs. 50,000, payment of which is delayed on account of the War has been received it is expected that the whole property will be entirely free from debt. The total cost of buildings and equipment to date has amounted to almost five lakhs of rupees. In view of the completion of these new buildings, a Special Sub-Committee was appointed to revise the rules regulating the administration of the local affairs of the Branches. After long and close consideration they submitted proposals which were adopted at a special meeting of the General Committee held in September last. Under these revised rules each of the four branches will have its own Committee, Secretary and Chairman to direct the detailed work of the Branch, while there will continue to be the General Committee to hold the property, control the finances and deal with constitutional matters.

FALL IN MEMBERSHIP.

As was, perhaps, to be expected, the membership of some of the Branches has suffered in consequence of the unrest due to the War. While the Central Branch shows a falling off, though not to any appreciable extent, the total membership of the whole Association shows an increase. The Committee have every reason to feel confident that, as work in the several Branches develops, membership will become more popular, and with added equipment the Association will meet the needs of a larger section of the community than ever in the past. The following are comparative figures of membership:—

	1913	1914	1915
Central Branch	600	590	560
Procter Branch	26	26	85
Byculla Branch	157	170	216
Student Branch	109	115	100
	892	901	961

FINANCES.

The year opened with a debit balance of Rs. 1,899-13-9, and it gives the Committee pleasure to be able to report that the year closes with a credit balance of Rs. 1,360-11-8. This is more than satisfactory as during the past eight years there has always been debit balance in General Revenue Account. The result demonstrates that the Association is meeting with the approval of a larger number of citizens who are willing to contribute towards its funds, and thus enable the Committee to carry on and develop the work.

The Building Fund shows a debit balance of about Rs. 50,000 to which reference has been made. The Committee trust that members will each consider it a personal obligation to contribute, not merely the minimum subscription, but as their circumstances permit in order that the financial position may be still further strengthened.

During the year the Association has lost several of its firmest supporters by death and removal to England. Your Committee have engrossed several Minutes in the records and here they desire only to mention the names of Messrs. J. W. Fido, J. Cobban and A. E. B. Gordon, who were at all times staunch and true friends of the Association. It is for the younger men to come forward and fill the vacant places, to undertake the work these formerly did, and strive to emulate their example.

APRECIATION OF MR. ASTON'S SERVICES.

The Honorary General Treasurer, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, went on leave towards the end of the year, and although he may only be absent for a short while, there is a possibility of a longer separation. Your Committee would fail in gratitude were they not to place on record hearty appreciation of the most valuable services which he has rendered the Association during his long connection with it. At all times he was ready to place himself at the disposal of the Committee. He was unswervingly loyal to the Association under all conditions and he did everything in his power to develop its work, to plan to increase its opportunities and to give it that prominence in this City which he believed to be its due. Your Committee trust that he may return with renewed vigour and energy and may yet give more of his time and experience which will be of great service to the Association. Mr. J. B. Crichton kindly agreed to act as Honorary General Treasurer on Mr. Aston's departure.

GOKHALE ANNIVERSARY.

MEETING AT CAWNPORE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CAWNPORE, Feb. 21.

On the first anniversary of Mr. Gokhale's death a public meeting of the citizens of Cawnpore was held in the Theosophical School Hall at which the principal speaker was Mr. C. Y. Chintamani of Allahabad. Speeches were made on the great features of Mr. Gokhale's life.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Three attacks and three deaths from plague occurred in the city on Sunday, Umarkhadi, Mazagon and Worli reporting an attack and a death each. There were 15 attacks and 8 deaths from small-pox and no cases of cholera. The total mortality from all causes was 89, as compared with 70 of the corresponding day of 1915, and 122 of 1914. Out of a total of 2,463 rats caught on Saturday, 75 were found to be plague stricken. B and C Wards, contributing the majority of the latter.

THE SASSANIAN EMPIRE.

RISE AND FALL OF A GREAT EASTERN MONARCHY.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala gave last evening the last of his series of lectures on Persian History under the auspices of the Jashan Committee with the help of the magic lantern before a large and crowded Parsi audience. Mr. J. J. Vimadalal was in the chair and the subject of the lecture was the "Rise and Fall of the Sassanide Empire."

Mr. Jhabvala began by introducing preliminary remarks about the social manners and religious customs of the Sassanides and then went on with the growth of the Sassanide Empire after the fall of the Achœmenians brought about at the hands of Alexander the Great of Macedonia. As the Achœmenians fought all along with the Greeks, the Sassanides had continued struggles with the new European race which was foremost in civilisation, arts, industry and military warfare, namely the Romans. The hard-fought contests for glory and victory between the Persians and the Romans on the plains adjoining modern Syria and Palestine have supplied the historians with an abundant fund of knowledge and information. The civilizations of the East and West met on these fields and developed with the advance of time to the mutual benefit of both. Ardeshir, the son of Babek, was the founder of the Sassanian Empire. Rising from a humble situation of life he carved out his way to the throne and ultimately built an Empire. He began fighting with the Romans and prior to his death extended his conquests as far as Armenia in the West. His genius was inherited by his son Sapor I, who defeated the Roman Emperor Valerian in Mesopotamia and furthered his conquests as far as Silesia, Cappadocia, Asia Minor and Tarsus. Sapor, like his illustrious father, established Zoroastrianism as the creed of the countries he conquered during his lifetime. But immediately after there set in a period of decline and from 271 A.D., to 309 A.D., the Sassanian monarchs that came to the throne of Persia proved too weak to rule and the Romans in the meanwhile considerably added to their possessions. Sapor II recovered all that was lost and from Istakhra, his capital, he directed all his plans against the enemies, both Roman and Arab. The latter tribe was so much afraid of the cruel way in which Sapor inflicted wounds on the shoulders that he is known to this day in Arab history as Sapor the Lord of th e Shoulders. Constantius, the Roman Emperor, was defeated in his reign and when Julian his successor in return laid siege to Madain, Sapor defeated and killed him and compelled his successor Joorian to sign terms of peace dictated by him.

NOSHIRVAN THE JUST.

In the days of Sapor II the Sassanian Empire flourished very well, but the spirit of conquest and annexation was damped in the days of his successor and when Noshirvan the Just, the son of Kobad, came to the throne, the falling Empire once more began to look up. In the meanwhile religious reformers of a heterodox type like Mazdak and Mani had caused revolts in the territory of Persia, the Arabs were growing unusually powerful and Noshirvan's task was unwieldy and very difficult before he could establish himself safe and firm on the throne. While narrating the story of Noshirvan Mr. Jhabvala dwelt at length on the conquests he made as far as the Aegean Sea and the frontiers of Rome, the help given by the wise monarch to the development of arts, science and philosophy and the considerable abilities he displayed in the administration of justice for which he is known to-day by the beloved name of Noshirvan the Just.

Proceeding further the lecturer spoke on Khusru Purvez and the last monarch Yesdegird or Isdegardis II, in whose time the Arabs under Sa'd bin Abul Vakkas brought an invasion upon Persia and defeated the Persians in the battle of Kadasia. Thereafter the Empire sank and with that was brought about the ruin of one of the greatest of Eastern monarchies. The Arabs burnt and destroyed what remnants of glory were left in Persia after the invasion of Alexander and what was reconstructed by the Sassanides.

At the conclusion of his instructive lecture Mr. Jhabvala showed some very beautiful slides depicting the ruins of the Empire, ancient coins, mural pantings, and others illustrating ancient and modern Persia.

A WAR ENCYCLOPŒDIA.

THE INDIAN REVIEW WAR BOOK.

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EDITED BY MR. G. A. NATESAN

WITH AN INTRODUCTION BY

HIS EXCELLENCY LORD PENTLAND.

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BOMBAY CORPORATION.

TIME-LIMIT FOR SPEECHES.

MR. WACHA'S STRONG OPPOSITION.

MR. WARDLAW MILNE'S MOTION CARRIED.

The whole of yesterday's sitting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was taken up by a discussion on the Hon. Mr. J. S. Wardlaw Milne's motion imposing a time-limit on speeches. Several amendments were moved, all of which were defeated and the original proposition was carried by a large majority.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. Pheroze C. Sethna presiding, when consideration was resumed of the following proposition moved by the Hon. Mr. J. S. Wardlaw Milne:—"That the Rules for the conduct and regulation of business at meetings of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay be amended by the addition of a new rule to be numbered 10A which will read as follows:—

No speech on the part of the mover of a motion shall exceed 30 minutes in length and no speech by any other Councillor or by the mover when replying at the termination of a debate shall exceed 15 minutes in length, provided always that this time limit shall only be operative when a Member has drawn the attention of the President to this Rule. On the President's attention being drawn to the time limit, he shall at once rise and take the vote of the Corporation as to whether the speaker shall be given a further period of 15 minutes or not.

If the vote of two-thirds of the members present is in the negative, the speaker shall bring his remarks to a close within such few sentences as the President may at his discretion allow, but shall not otherwise continue to address the house. If the vote is in favour of the speaker continuing, he may address the house for a further period of 15 minutes when the same procedure may be repeated according to whether or not the President's attention is drawn to the time limit, the speech of a mover of an amendment does not rank for a time limit of 30 minutes as in the case of the mover of a motion, but only for a time limit of 15 minutes as in the case of any other Councillor.'"

Mr. Rahimtoola Currimbhoy Ibrahim said he would support the proposition which was reasonable and which with proper safeguards, would prove useful ond prevent those regrettable incidents, of one of which they had had sad experience the other day.

IMPATIENCE AND INTOLERANCE.

The Hon. Mr. D. E. Wacha opposed the motion. He said Mr. Milne's proposition might appear very reasonable to some people, but it was on very rare occasions that people had been bored with long speeches. As a matter of fact, people were so reasonable that they finished their speeches in reasonable time. It was the impatience or rather the intolerance of some members, who thought long speeches bored them, that wanted to proscribe such speeches. He thought they could get on very well without a time-limit as they had done during the past twenty-eight years within his own experience. Even at the Town Hall and other places where he had attended many meetings, he had never known of any instance of a closure of this kind being put. If the Bombay Corporation was now considered the best Corporation in all India, he considered it was partly owing to the very effective way in which the Corporation was getting on with its work and debating important questions. Simply because one or two instances of the kind complained of had occurred, that was no reason why they should proceed further with Mr. Milne's proposition. He thought it was a very trivial subject. They had problems of an important character to discuss in future and he did not see why they should be prevented from considering them fully. If Dr. Sukhia had once or twice transgressed the traditions of the house, possibly he had a reason for it,—he (the speaker) would not say whether it was well-founded or ill-founded. But that was no strong or valid reason for proposing this drastic rule. Taking into consideration the traditions of the Corporation and many other things, he would certainly vote against the proposition.

DR. SUKHIA'S STATISTICS.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia, who also opposed the motion, said the absence of Sir Pherozeshah Mehta was most felt that day when they discussed this question. Dr. Sukhia quoted figures to show the time taken up by the items before the Corporation. During the thirteen years, from 1888-89 when the present Municipal Act came into existence, to 1900-01 the Corporation had met 793 times, the number of hours spent being 1,586 the number of minutes 95,160, and the number of items on the agenda 6,045, so that the average of minutes per item during these thirteen years was 17.1. This was before he entered the Corporation. He entered the Corporation in 1902, and during the fourteen years from 1901-02 to 1914-15, there had been 849 meetings, and the number of hours spent was 1,698, the number of minutes 101,880, and the number of items on the Agenda disposed of 12,046, so that the average number of minutes per item worked out at only 8.5. These figures showed that less time of the Corporation had been taken up after his entry than used to be the case before. And those members who were not prepared to spend about ten minutes per item had no business to be there. He thought they should be put into the House of Commons to see how discussions were carried on there. After the figures he had quoted could anybody, with a grain of commonsense in him, say that the time of the Corporation had been wasted in these years? He would not oppose a time-limit if he were sure that no injustice would be done to any particular member and no invidious distinctions made. But looking to the present composition of the Corporation he could not be certain of equal justice being done. He was not against something being done to expedite their business but to achieve that purpose he would prefer the introduction of closure to any time-limit, so that there would be no fear of any invidious distinctions being drawn. If however the present proposition was carried and any attempt made to do injustice to a particular member, then, he would say, he had his own remedies. An aggrieved member would have the power of defeating their purpose, by speaking for fifteen minutes on every item.

SOME POWERS NECESSARY.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir said the time-limit was perhaps not necessary as long as Sir Pherozeshah Mehta was a member of the Corporation, because by his towering personality he could persuade members to sit down after they had spoken for some time. Dr. Sukhia had been persuaded in a similar way by Sir Pherozeshah on more than one occasion. But those days were now gone and the speaker thought the President should be invested with some powers. The words "the speaker shall bring his remarks to a close within such few sentences as the President may at his discretion allow," were likely to bring the President and the member at loggerheads, and those words should be altogether left out. He moved the following amendment:—

No speech on the part of a mover of a motion shall ordinarily exceed thirty minutes in length and no speech by any other Councillor or by the mover when replying at the termination of a debate shall ordinarily exceed fifteen minutes in length. But this time-limit shall only be operative at the initiative of the President or at the instance of a member In such cases the President shall take the vote of the Corporation as to whether the speaker shall continue or not. If the vote of two-thirds of the members present is in the negative the speaker shall not again address the House on the motion (unless he be the mover of the original proposition). If the vote is in favour of the speaker continuing he may so continue for another period. Thereafter the procedure as above laid down may be repeated from time to time as may be found necessary, subject to the proviso that on each subsequent occasion the question whether a member shall continue or discontinue his speech shall be decided by the voting of the bare majority.

Dr. Meisheri seconded the amendment.

Sir Bhalchandra Krishna said the question affected the members' liberty of speech and they should, therefore, not be precipitate in their decision. He moved an amendment referring the matter to the Committee appointed by the Corporation to consider the matter.

Mr. R. S. Navalkar seconded the amendment.

Mr. H. P. Modi said he was one of those who were at first opposed to a time-limit being imposed. But in view of what had transpired recently he would vote in favour of the proposition. It was not right to allow one member to hold up the House for a long time as Dr. Sukhia had recently done. They must revise their opinion in the light of practical experience and he would therefore support a time-limit.

THE "GAGGING ACT."

Dr. S. S. Batliwala moved an amendment to the effect that after the meeting decided not to allow a speaker to continue his speech, the speaker should not be compelled to bring his remarks to a close within such few sentences as the President might at his discretion allow, but that he might be allowed to continue his speech for three minutes more.

Mr. Salebhoy C. Barodawala seconded the amendment.

Dr. Jehangir Cursetji was opposed to what he called the "Gagging Act," which would interfere with the cherished principle of the liberty of speech.

Sir Dinshah M. Petit said he was in entire agreement with Mr. Milne's proposition. It was a wholesome rule and it was not a day too early for the Corporation to adopt it. He did not see why there should be such a lot of feeling and rhetoric on the subject. They had had enough waste of time and trial of their patience and it was high time they adopted the proposition on Mr. Cowasji's amendment. The modification suggested by Mr. Jehangir Petit was a wholesome one. There was not the least chance of injustice being done to anyone, and a member, who could not obtain the concession of further time by a vote of two-thirds members present, must be considered undeserving of such concession.

Mr. A. M. Tod said the threat held out by Dr. Sukhia that he could speak for fifteen minutes on every subject if he chose, justified the view taken by him (the speaker) and others that the rule did not go far enough. The object of the proposition was not to prevent freedom of speech but to prevent its abuse. The figures given by Dr. Sukhia were amusing. He had said that during the years he had been a member of the Corporation the average duration of time per item was 8.5 minutes as against 17.1 minutes in the previous years. But he (the speaker) ventured to say that after Dr. Sukhia became a member most of the speeches had been made by him (Dr. Sukhia). Sir Pherozeshah had once told him that all that he hoped for was that the good sense and the good taste of the members and a regard for the dignity of the Corporation would make such legislation unnecessary. But, they had found that such a consideration had not in recent years prevented the abuse of time. Again a reference had been made to the rule in the House of Commons but it was more to their purpose to know that there was a time-limit for speeches in the London County Council.

All the amendments were lost, and Mr. Milne's proposition was carried by a large majority, thirty-six members voting in favour of and five against it.

The Corporaton then adjourned.

ASSAULT ON CALCUTTA PROFESSOR.

TWO STUDENTS EXPELLED AND ANOTHER PUNISHED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 21.

The governing body of the Presidency College has held an investigation into the assault on Professor Oaten and has expelled two students and punished another in connection with the recent assault and strike. The action taken by the Government is quite independent of the governing body. On Saturday the students of the Presidency College held a meeting and appointed a committee with the object of investigating the matter with a view to finding the perpetrators of the assault.

ALLEGED CHEATING BY AN ENGINEER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Feb. 21.

Mr. E. Cornel Shelley, till lately in the Engineering Department, South Indian Railway, was brought to Madras this morning under arrest from Palghaut to answer charges of cheating preferred by Simpson and Co., Madras, in respect of a motor cycle and a side car.

The accused who is a Eurasian of dark complexion, was recently employed by the South Indian Railway into the higher rank of the engineering establishment and was posted to Coimbatore, where he worked for some time and his services were dispensed with in November. He is alleged, however, to have in possession the railway's official note-papers and on these he is said to have corresponded with various firms in Madras, placing orders for all kinds of articles. He wrote to Messrs. Lawrence and Mayo to send up Rs. 5,000 worth of engineering instruments but on the day the order was about to be executed an official of the South Indian Railway visited the firm and was told of the order. He promptly stopped the goods from being despatched. Simpson and Co. allowed the accused to take away a motor cycle and a side car on credit. The accused's conduct in going round various firms in Madras gave rise to suspicions. The police were communicated with and the accused was arrested at Palghaut yesterday. This morning he was produced before the Commissioner of Police who remanded him till to-morrow.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL FINDS IN MANBHUM

SEVERAL STONE IMAGES UNEARTHED

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 21.

A Jharia correspondent wires:—Recently an interesting archaeological discovery was made at Baram in the District of Manbhum. Baram is a little village on the river Kansabati inhabited by illiterate and low class people. Near it are three brick-built temples of Jain type. There are no images in them. Fifty or sixty bighas of land adjacent are covered with the remains of the temples. This place is within the jurisdiction of the Panchkote Raj. A month ago the Jagirdar of the place while digging found a stone temple and some images within. Of them seven or eight are big "Siva-Lingas." The image of a ten-handed Goddess has been found and another of Budha has been traced. Besides there are several images of black marble. In Hindi scriptures the names of Baidyanath and Bakaranath and Sidhyanath are found. Some are of opinion that one of the images is that of Sidhyanath.

AN EDITOR IN JAIL.

REFUSAL TO WORK.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, Feb. 21.

Ramchaaran Lall, editor of "Swaraj," who was in 1909 convicted and sentenced to transportation for ten years for sedition was sent back to India along with other prisoners. It appears that he was kept in the Hoshangabad and Jubbulpore jails for some time and subsequently transferred to the Nagpur Central Jail in May 1915.

He has now been hauled up before Mr. Macleod, first class Magistrate, by the jail authorities for an offence under section 52 of the Prisons Act for his refusal to work.

The prisoner in his statement before the Magistrate to-day admitted having refused to work.

The case was adjourned to the 28th instant for defence.

Mr. Justice Shadi Lal in the Punjab Chief Court yesterday passed orders for winding up through the Court, of the Punjab Flour Mills Co. Ltd., one of the concerns started by Mr. Daulat Rai, brother of Mr. Harkishenlal. All the concerns of limited liability, started by Mr. Daulat Rai, are now thus in liquidation.

RAJGARH STATE

COMING INSTALLATION OF THE CHIEF

(From a Correspondent.)

People of Rajgarh were overjoyed to learn recently that his Highness Raja Rawat Shree Bir Indra Singh Bahadur has been recognised officially as the chief of Rajgarh State, C.I. by the Government of India. Religious ceremonies were performed by the Pandits in connection with the accession on the 14th instant, at 9 a.m. The installation durbar will be held on the 11th proximo.

His Highness luckily enough shot a tiger the same evening, the 14th in a jungle at about six miles from the town.

The loyal subjects of his Highness congratulate the Chief on the happy occassion and wish him a very long and prosperous reign.

A CONGRATULATORY MEETING.

An extraordinary meeting of the Bench Literary Society was held at the Bench High School under the Chairmanship of Diwan Bahadur Lala Bisheshar Nath on the 15th February, to congratulate his Highness on his recognition as Chief of Rajgarh.

It was a representative gathering of jigardars, merchants, official rayats and all. A number of eulogistic poems and papers were read and eloquent speeches were made by several gentlemen. The resolution of congratulations was laid before his Highness the next day, by the Diwan Bahadur, at a garden party given by him to the Raja Sahib. His Highness made a suitable reply.

BOMBAY GAYAN SAMAJ.

OPENING CEREMONY..

The opening ceremony of the Bombay Gayan Samaj was performed with much eclat at the compound of Sir Mangaldas House on Sunday, the 20th instant, at 9 a.m. (S. T.), in the presence of a large gathering of Hindu and Parsee ladies and gentlemen. Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Bar-at-Law, presided.

Mr. Jayakar at the outset briefly explained the objects of the Institution which, he said, will be conducted by Professor Chajjukhan, his brothers and sons under the able guidance and direction of Mr. Vishnu Narayan Bhatkhande, whose name as an exponent of the art of Hindu music is well-known among all lovers of music. The President paid a well-deserved compliment to Mr. Bhatkhande for the great interest he had evinced in the promotion of Indian music and for having put the science on a stable basis by his numerous works and commentaries. He further added that the Institution was not started as a rival to the many institutions which already exist in Bombay but to afford facilities to those desirous of acquiring theoretical and practical knowledge of music.

At about 9-30 p.m. the same night, a successful musical entertainment was given at Sir Mangaldas House before a large and appreciative audience. The two nephews of the well-known Professor Nazar Khan, Fidalli and Aman Alli, very admirably and scientifically sung a few Ragas accompanied by an expert Sarangia, which were much applauded. The party dispersed at about midnight.

AFRIDIS' CONTRIBUTION TO WAR RELIEF FUND.

At an entertainment given at Jamrud on February 17th, at which all sections of the Afridis were represented, thanks were tendered to the Viceroy for the honour done by the conferment of a title of Nawab on Sahibzada Abdul Quiyam, and they presented a nazrana of Rs. 1,000 which they requested his Excellency would apply to the relief of the wounded, of whatever creed. The Viceroy has been pleased to hand the money to the St. John Ambulance Association for the relief of the Indian wounded of all creeds.

IMPERIAL INDIAN WAR & RELIEF FUND

SIND BRANCH.

The Hon. Mr. J. H. Kothari, Hon. Secretary and Treasurer of the Sind Branch of the Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund, has remitted to the Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank of Bombay Rs. 5,000, being the 23rd instalment of contributions collected in Sind in aid of the Fund. The total subscription up-to-date to the Fund from Sind amounts to Rs. 4,37,000.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY BRANCH.

The following fresh donations have been received by the Hon. Secretaries of the Fund:—Amount previously subscribed, Rs. 40,95,806-4-2; Donation from East Khandesh (20th Instalment), Rs. 47 223-9-6; Donation from East Khandesh (21st Instalment), Rs. 25,675; Donation from Dharwar District (16th Instalment), Rs. 8,000; Donation from The staff of G.I.P. Railway (8th Instalment), Rs. 6,000; Donation from H. H. The Maharaja of Kolhapur, Rs. 1 105; Donation from Raja of Chota Udepur, Rs. 1,000; Treasury Officer Broach, Rs. 816-1; Thakor Saheb of Rajkot (February Instalment) Rs. 750; Members of Bombay Gymkhana (18th Instalment), Rs. 500; Donation from Bijapur Branch, Rs. 66; Donation from Indian Christians of Sangli, Rs. 57-5; Capt. J. L. Eden, Rs. 30; Capt. R. R. Hannay, Rs. 15; and Sums below Rs. 10, Rs. 5; Total Rs. 41,87,049-3-8.

BYCULLA WESLEYAN CHURCH.

In connection with the Sunday School anniversary celebrations, prizes were distributed to the successful children of the institution last evening when Mr. T. Page presided. After the children had gone through an interesting programme of recitations, Mrs. C. Bennett gave away the prizes to the children. Mr. T. Page then addressed the meeting in which he referred to the excellent work done by the school during the last year and expressed a sincere hope that it would continue to receive the encouragement it deserved.

The children and others were then served with refreshments and tea and spent an enjoyable evening.

LAWN TENNIS.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA TOURNAMENT.

THE MARRYAT CUP.

There was a very good game yesterday in connection with the Marryat Cup, and a large number came to see Simms and Bunbury meet. Though at first it appeared as if Simms would win with ease, then there was the chance that Bunbury would stay the better. Consequently, the deciding set was both interesting and exciting. The form was capital on both sides, Simms keeping the ball low as ever with Bunbury sending over good, long swinging strokes. Both brought off some nice bits of placing, and the game as a whole came up to expectations.

Result:—

H. L. Simms beat E. J. Bunbry, 6-1, 3-6, 6-4.

TENNIS AT Y.M.C.A. (PROCTER BRANCH)

Twenty-four entries were received for the Club Singles Handicap and thanks to the excellent handicapping of Messrs. Hinds, Beyts, Hale and Shaller, the event promises to turn out very popular with the Members

Two games in the first round were decided on Monday morning, and in order to bring the event to a conclusion by Saturday next, four games will be decided daily.

The followng were the results of the matches played on Monday:—

Fred. Plunkett plus 9 beat Reg. Plunkett — 12.

Hinds plus 8 beat Valu plus 10.

The final in the Club singles championship between Reg. Plunkett and Somerville which was to have been decided on Saturday, has had to be postponed owing to Somerville being indisposed.

TENNIS AT BANDRA

The following are the results of the games played under the auspices of the Friends' Social Club, Bandra, on Sunday last:—

Open Singles Tournament. Y. B. Wassoodew beat J. Taliat 7—5; 6—0; A. D'Monte beat Ranga Chari, 1—6; 6—2; 6—2.

The result of one of the Semi-finals played yesterday:—S. Ferreira beat D. D. Marker 6—4; 6—3.

The game between Y. B. Wassoodew and A. D'Monte is down for decision on Wednesday morning.

Y. M. C. A.

OPEN ATHLETIC SPORTS.

In connection with the Inter-Branch Athletic meeting of the Bombay Y.M.C.A. to be held on Thursday March 2nd on the Oval the following five Open Events will take place:—

100 yards sprint.
Quarter-mile run.
One-mile run.
Running high jump.

Three prizes will be given in the three running events and the cycle race:—1st prize value Rs. 45; 2nd prize value Rs. 25; 3rd prize value Rs. 10.

Three prizes will be given in the jumping event:—1st prize value Rs. 35; 2nd prize value Rs. 20; 3rd prize value Rs. 10.

In addition to the above a Silver Cup valued at Rs. 150 will be held for one year by the Competitor obtaining the greatest number of points in the Open Competitions. Points will be given in each event as follows:—1st 5 points, 2nd 3 points, 3rd 1 point.

The entry fee to each of the above events will be Rs. 2. All entries must be in the hands of the Physical Director Y.M.C.A., Wodehouse Road, Fort, Bombay, on or before Friday, February 25th. Entry forms can be had from:—

The Physical Director, Y.M.C.A. Wodehouse Road, Fort.

Mr. W. Hindle, Secretary, Student Branch Y.M.C.A., Lamington Road, Girgaum.

Mr. A. L. Hinds, Secretary, Procter Branch Y.M.C.A., Rebsch Street, Byculla.

Mr. G. S. Canara, Secretary, Byculla Branch Y.M.C.A., Reynolds Road, Byculla.

BULSAR HIGH SCHOOL.

SCIENCE HALL TO BE OPENED BY THE HON. MR. SHARP.

The Hon. Mr. Sharp, Director of Public Instruction, will next month perform the opening ceremony of the Science Hall of the Bai Avabai High School, Bulsar, and will also unveil the portraits of the late Mr. Bomanji Chothia and Bai Avabai Chothia, whose name the School bears. The students, past and present, of the High School are requested to send in as early as possible their contributions to the Chothia Memorial Fund, to the Honorary Secretaries of the Fund at Bulsar. The portraits which are full-size oil-paints, are splendidly done by Professor Pimpalkhare of the College of Engineering, Poona.

UNITED PROVINCES CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Feb. 19.

At the last meeting of the Provincial Co-operative Conference a Standing Committee was appointed to frame a constitution to be submitted at the next conference. The services of Mr. A. C. Chatterjee were eulogised by several speakers. The president in bringing the session to a close said the establishment of a provincial bank would be beneficial and that the Standing Committee would be of great service.

No matter what the cause of the headache, Stearns' Headache Cure will cure it. One wafer gives relief in a few minutes.
C 8

BOMBAY RACES.

FOURTH DAY WEDNESDAY

HANDICAPS.

THE WILLINGDON PLATE.—Distance about 7 furlongs.

Patrick 9-12, Silver Balm 9-12, Evett 9-5, Polish 9-1, Cider 8-5, Politian 8-5, Criton 8-4, St. Andrews 8-4, Pastime 8-4 Bandit 8-4, Roseville 8-2, Binfield Grove 8-1, Volsloane 8-0, Fire Finch 7-13, Vanity Box 7-10, Lakme 7-10, Martinet 7-8, Twa Brigs 7-4 Santa Barbara 6-10, Lady Muriel 6-6, Madrina 6-3, Premiere 6-1, Ute 6-0, Dumfries 6-0.

THE COLABA PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Double Chin 9-12, Pretty Good Sort 9-10, Wavestar 9-5 Santa Barbara 9-4, Ghent 8-11, Sparkes 8-8, Fredie 8-5, Fontenoy 7-3, Larrikin 7-2, Monsoon 7-0, Persistence 6-7, North 6-4, St. Alban 6-0, Adelaide II 6-0.

THE WORLI PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs (straight).

Gipsy's Advice 9-12, Miss Rollestone 9-9, Meddling 9-8, Cybele II 9-5, Rolling Stock 9-4, Tartania 9-2, Premiere 9-0, Silver Thrush 9-0, Pretty Good Sort 8-12, Penny Pie 8-12, Lithosian 8-11, Arkangelo 8-8, Drill Mistress 8-7, Decoram 8-0, Motor Wrap 7-12, Firetail 7-10, Lucky Thought 6-12, Chastity 6-11, Maltronus 6-0.

THE SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR PLATE.—Distance about 1 mile.

Sparrow Hawk 9-13, Singer 9-11, Majbur 9-2, Thank You 8-12, Purity 8-6, Terror 7-13, Rayid 7-12, Beyrut 7-10, Mexico 7-9, Nizam-ul-Mulk, Tajilmulook 7-4, Night Hawk 7-3, Ajax 6-12, Harry Johnson 6-12, Excelsior 6-8, Black Hussar 6-5, Meoltan 6-1, Osprey 6-0.

Two top weights not accepting, weights to be raised 10 lbs.

THE DAMASCUS PLATE.—Distance about 7 furlongs.

Harry John 9-5, Ajax 9-5, Ajmere 9-2, Black Hussar 8-12, Section 8-12, Tammooz 8-11, Pasha 8-11, Tenebreuse 8-11, Makbul 8-9, Mooltan 8-8, Ruby Fish 8-7, Ata Allah 8-6, Khedavi Misser 8-2, Maidania 8-1, Investment 7-12, Fado 7-11, Buttercup 7-11, Powerful 7-9, Socrates 7-5.

THE TEHERAN PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs (straight).

Ruby Mine 9-0, Quality 9-0, Nainava 8-11, Tenebreuse 8-10, Mat-hat-Baig 8-8, Defender 8-4, Vellard 8-3, Minerva 7-10, Sirmust 7-8, Ream 7-0.

THE BAHREIN PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Biglig 9-7, Red Cross 9-4, Jawan 9-0, Engine 8-13, Sacod 8-13, Cyprus 8-10, Lord Satu 8-9, Flying Machine 8-8, Ben Hur 8-5, Sherali 8-4, Aurora 8-4, Mutar 8-4, Abdul 8-1, Come Soon 8-0, Paradise 8-0, Nasirabad 7-13, Tawdry 7-13, Mount Pleasant 7-11.

HORSES LEFT IN.

THE WILLINGDON PLATE.—Distance about 7 furlongs.

Polish 9-1, Cider 8-5, Criton 8-4, St. Andrews 8-4, Pastime 8-4, Bandit 8-4, Roseville 8-2, Binfield Grove 8-1, Volsloane 8-0, Fire Finch 7-13, Vanity Box 7-10, Lakhme 7-10, Twa Brigs 7-4, Santa Barbara 6-10, Lady Muriel 6-6, Madrina 6-3, Ute 6-0.

THE COLABA PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Double Chin 9-12, Wavestar 9-5, Santa Barbara 9-4, Ghent 8-11, Sparkes 8-8, Fredie 8-5, Fontenoy 7-3, Larrikin 7-2, Persistence 6-7, North 6-4, St. Alban 6-0.

THE WORLI PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs (straight)

Cybele II 9-5, Rolling Stock 9-4, Silver Thrush 9-0, Penny Pie 8-12, Lithosian 8-11, Arkangelo 8-8, Drill Mistress 8-7, Motor Wrap 7-12, Firetail 7-10, Lucky Thought 6-12, Chastity.

THE SIR COWARJEE JEHANGIR PLATE.—Distance about 1 mile.

Singer 9-11, Thank You 8-12, Terror 7-13, Beyrut 7-10, Nizam-ul-mulk 7-8, Tajilmulook 7-4, Night Hawk 7-3, Excelsior 6-8, Black Hussar 6-5.

THE DAMASCUS PLATE.—Distance about 7 furlongs.

Harry Johnson 9-5, Ajax 9-5, Ajmer 9-2, Section 8-12, Pasha 8-11, Mooltan 8-8, Ruby Fish 8-7, Ata Allah 8-6, Khedavi Misser 8-2, Maidania 8-1, Investment 7-12, Fado 7-11, Buttercup 7-11, Powerful 7-9, Socrates 7-5.

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GRIFFIN RACE HORSE DROPS DEAD

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Feb. 21.

While being exercised on the race-course on Saturday the English griffin "Kieso," recently imported by the stewards of the Rangoon Turf Club, fell dead.

AN APPEAL TO MAHOMEDANS

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—There is an old mosque built by Shah Alamgir in the historical city of Burhanpur in the Nimar District which is in a dilapidated state at present and needs immediate repairs.

Pirzada Syed Junedali who is the Mutawalli of this mosque has done all that he could with the resources at his disposal by building a wall round the compound etc., but has no money to execute all repairs.

The repairs are estimated to cost Rs. 6,000 and an appeal has been issued for funds which can be paid at Messrs. M. H. Allarkha, Jackeria Masjid, Bombay.

I trust the Bombay Mahomedans who are noted for their philanthropy will promptly respond to this appeal.—Yours, etc.,

A MAHOMEDAN.

Feb. 2.

COMILLA HEADMASTER THREATENED WITH DEATH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 21.

The Head Master of the Government School at Comilla (East Bengal) has received an anonymous letter stating that unless he behaves well with the students and the public, he will be shot dead.

In the Lahore Conspiracy Case the total number of defence witnesses so far examined comes up to 664.

Yesterday the Magistrate of Sealdah convicted William Dukers, a European weaving master of the Kakinara jute mills, of pulling the hands of an Indian girl (12) at the Barrackpore railway station and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 200.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Tuesday, February 22, 1916.

THE FUTURE OF THE WAR.

We pointed out yesterday that there could be no doubt, now, any more than there has been since the Battle of the Marne, as to which is the winning side in the war. But it is essential that we should remember that the duration of the war depends entirely on the extent to which the Allies are prepared and able to rectify some of the mistakes of the past eighteen months. And especially is our interest centred, in that respect, in the capacity and determination of Great Britain to retrieve past errors. The want of centralisation in the direction of the plans of the Allies during the first year of the war, and even up to within a few months ago, was undoubtedly responsible for much of the failure to achieve what they failed to achieve. Even in the individual case of Great Britain there was a lack of cohesion and co-ordination which has been productive of infinite harm. It seems axiomatic to say that there should have been a single war council for the direction of the whole of the Allies' strategy from the beginning, and that, as far as Britain was concerned, the control of all the various campaigns in which she was engaged in various parts of the world, should have been under one chief direction at the centre of the Empire. It was no doubt a gratifying and pleasingly sentimental idea, for instance, that India should run her own campaigns in Mesopotamia and East Africa, but it proved fatal to success and efficiency, as ought to have been foreseen and no one can deny the wisdom of the recent decision to take the direction of the campaign in Mesopotamia out of the hands of the Indian Headquarters Staff and transfer it to the War Office. One supreme directing authority can best judge and decide the requirements of each great command, whether it be in France, the Balkans or Mesopotamia,—where it is possible and desirable to mark time and where it is essential to push ahead with all possible speed and vigour. So long as there were, so to speak, rival campaigns in progress, the danger of the more important being sacrificed to the exigencies of the lesser was always present and proved in more than one instance a very real danger.

We believe that the required centralisation of direction and control has now been fully achieved, so far as the British forces in the various theatres of war are concerned. And we now have the assurance of Mr. Bonar Law that there has been great improvement in the unity of control among the Allies. What we should like to see would be a war council of the Allies permanently sitting in Paris and directing from day to day, with absolute authority, the campaigns in all the theatres of war. Only by such an arrangement would it be possible to achieve that unity of direction, which in the case of the Central Powers and their allies has given them such a pull over the Entente Allies. It is doubtful, however, whether such an ideal could be achieved. Italy regards her own campaign probably as too much her own affair to subordinate its interests to what may be going on elsewhere, no matter whether such temporary subordination might in the long run achieve with equal dispatch the objects she has in view. Similarly Russia's interest in her war on the Eastern Front is of too exclusive a character to enable her fully to trust its direction to a joint council, while the difficulties of rapid communication would also in this case prove a stumbling block. These are difficulties which Germany has not had to face, and her Headquarters Staff has therefore had a simpler task. But we can at least hope that, in the future, there will be sufficient unity of direction to ensure that every strategic move in the various theatres of war will be taken in relation to some comprehensive plan, governing the whole Allied military machinery. It is thus of the highest importance that no offensive should be taken either on the Western Front or Eastern Front, until both Russia and the Franco-British forces are ready to move simultaneously, and that the pressure whether it comes in the Spring, the early or the late Summer, should be applied with the maximum of force all round.

The offensive on the Western Front last Autumn failed, in the case of the British, chiefly by bad staff work and blunders in direction. In the case of the French in Champagne it was only a partial success, because the French had not yet been supplied with the requisite amount of heavy artillery essential to the smashing of modern defensive trench fortifications. We almost met with disaster again in Mesopotamia through bad staff work and the blundering of the Intelligence Department. The mistake in regard to artillery and munitions can be made good. And we see no reason to doubt Mr. Bonar Law's assertion that there is no further anxiety on this score. But the finding, or rather the making, of good staff officers is a more difficult matter, to say nothing of the favouritism which has in the past led to the pitchforking of incompetent men into important positions on the various staffs. It is, of course, as Mr. Bonar Law says, a matter for pride that Great Britain has raised four million volunteers for the war. But four thousand volunteers do not make an army. They have to be officered and the divisions and brigades into which they are formed have to be staffed. The advantage possessed in this respect by Germany at the beginning, and throughout the past period of the war, has been a difficult one to contend with, but there has been too much reason to believe that it has been intensified by the extent to which "influence" was allowed to prevail in the selection of British staff officers. To this defect the failures in France and Gallipoli, at any rate, can be directly traced. Staff work is a question of brains and there has been no lack of brainy men among the numbers who have joined the commissioned ranks of the Army since the war began. But they have not been utilised. Unless an end has been made, or is going to be made, of the family and class influence which has been the principal factor in the choice of staff officers in the past, we shall see the repetition of failures.

THE FAMINE IN BENGAL.

On Saturday we published a detailed account of the famine conditions prevailing in the district of Bankura in Bengal. The facts, as revealed in that realistic story, must have brought home to those who read it the extent and severity of the human suffering involved. The suffering is aggravated by the fact that the district is the poorest in the province, only five per cent. of the population living in three large towns, the remainder, mostly poor agriculturists, being scattered in 4,634 villages. To add to this, the district is very deficient in irrigation canals and therefore almost entirely depends on an even and sufficient distribution of rainfall; and when it is remembered that in 1913 large portions of the district were devastated by the great Damodar flood; that in 1914, owing to insufficient rain, the harvests were poor; that in 1915 there was scarcely any rain in the months of July, August and September; and lastly, that, since early October, there has been not a drop of rain, the grip that drought, soon turned into famine, has had on the unfortunate people can well be imagined. Thus for nearly six months, according to official information given in the Bengal Legislative Council in December last, more than half the total area of the district and more than five lakhs of persons out of the eleven lakhs of population have been affected, the classes suffering being principally cultivators, weavers, agricultural labourers, beggars and small tenure holders. Taking the minimum of half an anna per head per day on an average to keep alive the distressed population the Government figure would require at least Rs. 5 lakhs per month, or more than thirty lakhs for the six or seven months during which the distress is likely to continue. Government are doing something, but from the account given by official, as well as non-official observers, the suffering is so acute that, unless Government help is largely supplemented by non-official help, the spectre of starvation must soon stalk throughout the district. In fact trustworthy information has made it evident that deaths from starvation and the selling of children by their parents are already prevalent. Thus Principal Mitchell of the Bankura Wesleyan College, who made personal enquiries, wrote as long ago as October:—

"All the people in the villages are in distress but the condition of some is so terrible that unless we help them at once they will die of starvation. To such as these we are now directing our attention. I shall never forget the sight I have just witnessed at the Thana. There were a thousand famished people in every condition of wretchedness gathered in the compound. Some were absolute skeletons and from some I had to turn my head away. Not more than a fifth had tickets; the rest, alas, will have to go empty handed, except the most extreme cases."

He also spoke of whole villages being in great need and of finding higher caste people, men and women, starving in secret. With the advent of winter the rigours of cold have accentuated the horrors of starvation.

As already announced, a representative and influential Committee has been formed in Bombay to collect funds for the relief of this stricken population and a Ladies' Committee is also being organised. Some response to the appeal of the former has already been made but, considering the need, a more prompt and generous response is essential, if the good work of the relief parties in Bankura is to prove in any sense adequate.

THE PERSIA OF TO-DAY.

The recent Russian victory in the Caucasus and the possibility of communication thus opened up between the British forces in Mesopotamia and the Russian army along an unbroken line from the Black Sea to the north-eastern edge of Mesopotamia, lends a peculiar interest to this part of the ancient world and also to that unfortunate neighbouring land of the Lion and the Sun, on the affairs of which, recent happenings must have a far-reaching effect. An article in the recent number of the "Asiatic Review" by Mr. J. C. Roome giving his impressions of a journey made some years ago in Persia and Mesopotamia is therefore of absorbing interest. "To sit at the feet of Saadi and Hafiz and then to visit Persia," begins Mr. Roome, "is to court the great disillusionment." This is rather a disheartening beginning and the feeling of sadness thus created is enhanced when we proceed to read that the coast-line of Persia, when it becomes visible from a British India steamer, gives no tantalizing glimpses into Elysian bowers; on the contrary it seems to suggest the Forbidden Land. For miles," writes Mr. Roome, "there is not a vestige of vegetation or sign of human habitation: the sea-ports convey the suggestion of man's effort to create trade and cities where Nature intended there should be a waste. One could not help thinking that if the dreary wilderness stretching out before him is Persia, then the anxiety of the Persians regarding the independence of their country is emotion thrown away." Such uneasy reflections are not surprising when one remembers that, for some years past, Persian political affairs, fraught as they are with misfortune and misery for millions of innocent people, have been conducted very much as a well-staged drama or, as Mr. Morgan Shuster wrote, as an *opera bouffe*,—with intrigue as a constant motive and the rapid formation and as rapid disappearance of cabinets as thrilling episodes. Returning to Mr. Roome, we find him lamenting that Bushire gave him no promise of a paradise of poets. On closer acquaintance, however, he found it a picturesque town of quaint one-storied buildings, narrow, uneven, and tortuous lanes. In the bazaar, which was a cameo of the East, he found "Mahomed Husein, the piecegoods merchant and philosopher, who swindled veiled ladies with a smile, palming off cheap German prints for good English cloth, and who was a reliable cicerone and keen politician to boot." He it was who suggested to Mr. Roome that in order to see Persia, one should see it in company with a Persian. How valuable was the suggestion is seen in the advice which Lieut.-Colonel Sir Marks Sykes, in his latest book "The Caliph's Last Heritage" has offered to would-be travellers in the East:—

"It is essential to divest yourself of all preconceived notions. Wipe John Stuart Mill, Omar Khayyam, Burke, Ruskin, Carlyle, and Bernard Shaw, out of your mind. Learn the Book of Job by heart for philosophy, the Book of Judges for politics, the Arabian Nights (Burton's translation) for ethics; ride by balance, not by grip; keep your girths loose, look out for rat-holes; be polite and dignified in your conversation; *don't* talk about the superiority of European civilization, and you will learn a good deal. If you adopt any other line of conduct you will very likely get into serious trouble."

Mr. Roome followed the suggestion to his own great benefit and the Persian who became his guide and philosopher proved himself a man of great resource, though at first inclined to be a little suspicious of the possible political ambitions of the traveller. Mr. Roome's knowledge of Persian was a great recommendation and for a journey full of incidents, the journey to Shiraz on mules was a memorable one. "If Bushire was a desert," writes Mr. Roome,

"Shiraz proved to be a paradise. On a moonlit night the nightingale still trills its passionate song in the gardens of the Valleys of Shiraz, as it did when Hafiz caught its mystic note. There are no taverns, but the wine of Shiraz still flows freely and tempts, as it did in the days of Saadi, the preacher and the heretic."

It is indeed in Shiraz, more than in any other town, that one realizes how time has stood still as far as Persia is concerned. It is in Shiraz that the Persian exhibits at best the decorum of the East. As an illustration of this, the impression formed by Mr. Roome at a *Masha-ara*, an assembly of poets, in Shiraz, may be quoted. Here Mr. Roome had an opportunity of gauging the popularity of the Persian poets of old.

"About thirty persons in the assembly had come to the meeting to recite their own verses and there were as many critics present. . . What was amazing was not the familiarity of the critics and the poets with the works of the older poets, but the ease with which even men who did not concern themselves with literature, quoted verses from Saadi, Hafiz and other great poets of the country."

Thus, if the dream of the charms of Persia is shattered by the reality, the disappointment is tempered by the vision of Shiraz, but in Mesopotamia, Mr. Roome found the disillusionment complete. The glory of Baghdad has, indeed, vanished like a dream, and the greatness of Babylon exists only in crumbling ruins. No wonder that, except as an important centre of trade, Mr. Roome found that it did not come up to expectations.

"Even from an architectural point of view, Baghdad bore no evidence of the wealth of the Abbaside Khalifs. The buildings were not the palaces of the days of Haroun-el-Raschid that I expected to find. The bazaars were, however, still struggling against the ingress of new ideas and maintaining some of their glamour of romance. . . In some quarters, where the houses stood as they stood at the beginning of Baghdad, probably it was possible to find a setting for the tales of the Arabian Nights. . . . The growing trade of the city was fast changing the mode of life of the people, and the "Europe Shops" indicated the Baghdad of the future."

Seen from a distance, however, Baghdad, with its domes and minarets, still suggests a city of mystery. And though the country along the banks of the Tigris and the Euphrates seems now as unlike the granary of the world as possible, being a wilderness on the one side, and desolate tracts of land, with here and there date groves, on the other, as far as the eye can reach from the deck of a steamer,—one may hope that the expectation of Mr. Roome's Syrian host in Baghdad to see the city transformed in his life-time into at least a rival of Smyrna,—one may add a more glorious rival,—and his equally optimistic anticipations of the future of the whole of the Lower Mesopotamia, will be realised at no distant day.

Notes of the Day.

British Airmen's Exploits.

The German "Fokker" has of late to some extent deprived the Zeppelin of its place in public imagination. The history of the origin of this new aeroplane is instructive. "It may not have been generally realised," writes Brigadier-General Stone in the "Pioneer," "that our air raids on a large scale into German territory, consisting of squadrons of bomb-dropping craft, escorted on either flank by fighting aeroplanes, have recently caused such serious perturbation to our enemies that they have been straining every nerve to find a means of combating them." The result is that with characteristic thoroughness, they have specialised in a machine designed for this particular purpose. But British airmen have proved more than a match for this new engine. As Brigadier-General Stone says, flying suitable fighting machines, they are always ready to have a dash at a Fokker and the following instance, quoted by him, of the striking success of our airmen serves at once to dispel any apprehension or delusion as to the invincibility of the Fokker:—

A short time ago, a pilot who was engaged in convoying a squadron of raiding aeroplanes, had a most remarkable series of successful actions while acting as escort of a reconnoitring aeroplane; his own battleplane and his consort were observed by two Fokkers, which immediately left the ground to attack. The British battleplane was flying above her consort. It dived at once to the attack; one Fokker was promptly put out of action, and made a dive of 6,000 feet, quite out of control: in the meantime the other Fokker had secured the upper position, but the British pilot was able to outmanœuvre him, and after securing position at a range of about a hundred yards, sent him to the ground to follow his companion, and had the satisfaction of seeing him make a nose dive into a ploughed field. On his return journey he came across a Fokker hawking among a group of our aircraft, and promptly went for him: the engagement took place at a range of about 70 feet; two shots took effect and the Fokker went headlong to the ground, a drop of some 3,000 feet.

A German Officer's Views.

From a correspondent in a small North German town the "Frankfurter Zeitung" publishes a letter which reveals the trend of German thoughts. The correspondent relates that during the Christmas holidays he unexpectedly met a friend who is now an officer in the army. After a brief exchange of greetings the officer, he adds, took from his pocket a printed form and said: "Read that before you ask any questions." The correspondent reports that what he read was as follows:—

"1. I am wearing the uniform of the——the Cavalry Regiment.
"2. I have come unwounded from the front at N.
"3. I am on leave until . .
"4. I do not believe there will be a further great advance in the East.
"5. I cannot tell, and even Hindenburg knows no more on this point than I do, when peace will be proclaimed."

It is not explained why the officer carried about this printed form, but it is not difficult to imagine.

Munitions Problems.

One of the urgent problems with which the Ministry of Munitions has been faced is the ensuring of a constant supply of chemical products necessary to the manufacture of high explosives. Among those products are toluol and benzole, which are extracted by a simple process from coal gas. Toluol and benzole are extracted from gas by a process in the course of which a very slight deterioration takes place. This results in lessening the illuminating power of the gas, but has practically no effect on its heating power. The deterioration has scarcely been felt by the user of the gas stove or of the incandescent mantle, but only by those who still retain the gas jet. Slight inconvenience has also been caused by the fact that the reduction of the capacity of the gas for retaining certain constituents in gaseous form (such as naphthalene) has tended in some cases to clog the pipes, a fault which can be rectified when it has been reported. An appeal has been addressed by the Minister of Munitions to public authorities not to test too searchingly the quality of their gas supply. He has also expressed the hope that equal support may be forthcoming from the private consumer. A tolerance of small inconveniences and the substitution as far as possible of gas-heating for coal-heating would do a great deal to facilitate the production of the these vital chemicals.

Creation of Costly Posts in the Municipality.

An unfortunate tendency in the city's municipal administration, which has for some time past been observable, is the recklessness shown in the creation of costly posts without due regard to their urgent present need or to their future utility. The sanction given by the Municipal Corporation some time ago to the creation of a Deputy Commissionership was an example of this tendency. A fresh example is contained in the recommendation of the Roads Committee of the Corporation regarding the appointment of an assistant engineer for roads. The Committee recommends that a new office be created provisionally for a term of five years and that the salary for the post be fixed at Rs. 800 per mensem rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,000. The motive for the appointment is that "it is not possible for the Executive Engineer, with his numerous duties and his long and heavy hours of office, to pay close personal supervision to roads."

The Wrong Remedy.

Lack of adequate supervision being admittedly the evil to be remedied, it is obvious that the creation of the appointment of a high-salaried officer at the top cannot remedy it. For what is wanted is constant daily touch with all the members of the lower staff of the department, which such an officer cannot be expected to be able to maintain. On the other hand, the most effective remedy would be, as Mr Jehangir Petit writes in his minute of dissent, the appointment of competent foremen. Besides, if, as the Commissioner admits, the Municipality does not get its money's worth, even though it spends Rs. 3,30,000 per year on the department, there is much force in the contention put forth by Mr. Navalkar in another minute that a mere appointment of an assistant engineer, however, especially trained or qualified he may be, will not put the matter straight, until the whole department is overhauled and put into efficient order.

Official and Personal.

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, accompanied by his Dewan, Sir M. Visweswaraya, Mr. Mirza Mohomed Ismail, Private Secretary, and a Sardar, arrived at the Viceregal Lodge last night as the guest of his Excellency the Viceroy. Sir Hugh and Lady Daly will also be his Excellcy's gusts at the Viceregal Lodge during the Maharaja's stay.

The death occurred at Bangalore yesterday after a very brief illness from pneumonia, of Dr. (Miss) L. Browne formerly Superintendent of the Lady Curzon Hospital.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

EAST COAST AIR RAIDS.

COMPLETE CONQUEST OF CAMEROONS.

FURTHER RUSSIAN SUCCESSES

AMERICA THREATENS THE PORTE.

Sir Edward Grey, in a memorandum on the industrial distress in Belgium, shows how Germany was determined to appropriate the last ounce of raw materials and goods in the country in spite of the relief offered by Great Britain four months ago. He denounces Germany's policy of impoverishing Belgium in no measured terms.

German aeroplanes made raids on Lowestoft and Walmer on the East Coast when two men and a boy were killed and a marine wounded. Otherwise the damage done was immaterial.

It is officially announced that the German garrison at Mora, Northern Cameroons, has surrendered, completing the conquest of the country.

During the pursuit of portions of the Erzerum army, the Russians stormed the towns of Mush and Ahlat, cutting the north off from the south and thus preventing any junction of the Turkish forces.

Mr. Lansing has cabled to the American Embassy in Constantinople a protest to the Porte against the Armenian massacres. He states that if there is a repetition of the massacres the United States Government will be compelled to take more drastic action.

The Allies have occupied the Island of Othonus, north of Corfu.

The Allies have arrested the enemy consuls at Scio and taken them on board warships.

The Germans raided a British trench near Gommecourt, capturing a few prisoners. There was mutual activity about Hooge. In Artois the French exploded a mine under a German salient, which was wrecked.

A squadron of Italian aeroplanes raided Laibach, being shelled *en route* by numerous batteries and machine-guns. Dozens of bombs were dropped, and all returned safely, except one, which was surrounded and had to descend in enemy territory.

In an interview, Mr. Bonar Law dilated on Britain's satisfactory position and dwelt on the disadvantages of democracies in the prosecution of the war. Mr. Law concluded that the war had settled the fiscal controversy and that Britain's industries had been revivified. He also spoke of the possibility of a league of peace which would have to be preceded by a reduction of armaments.

HOW GERMANY IMPOVERISHES BELGIUM.

SIR E. GREY'S VIGOROUS INDICTMENT.

AIR RAIDS ON EAST COAST.

LOWESTOFT AND WALMER ATTACKED

TWO MEN AND A BOY KILLED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 20

German aeroplanes to-day made raids on Lowestoft and Walmer. Three persons were killed and one wounded.

The communiqué says:—Two German biplanes made a five-minutes raid on Lowestoft at five minutes to eleven this morning dropping seventeen bombs.

They then rose to a great height and seemingly vanished. There were no casualties.

The outbuildings of a restaurant and two dwelling-houses were damaged. Two naval seaplanes rose and pursued the raiders without result.

CHURCH WINDOWS SHATTERED.

At twenty minutes past eleven a German seaplane dropped bombs in the vicinity of the Kentish Knook Lightship and another dropped six bombs on Walmer at 11-27.

Two bombs destroyed the roofs of houses and another fell close to a church and shattered the windows as the congregation were singing the *Te Deum*. A fourth fell on the beach killing a civilian and one marine.

Total casualties were two men and a boy killed and a marine wounded.

Two aeroplanes rose from Dover and flew to Walmer and pursued the raiders without overtaking them.

NEW ZEPPELINS.

NUMBERS DESTROYED OR DAMAGED

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 21.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables, London, 19th February:—

The "Agendia Liberals" Basle correspondent says the new Zeppelins are unsatisfactory. A dozen were destroyed or seriously damaged in preliminary trials. Thereafter the design was modified but three were destroyed and four damaged seriously in the recent raids on England, Paris and Salonica.

SALONIKA FRONT.

VARDAR BRIDGES OCCUPIED BY FRENCH,

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Feb. 21.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

London, February 19.—An "Exchange" telegram from Athens states the French occupy all the Vardar bridges from Topsin to the sea.

ALLIES OCCUPY ANOTHER ISLAND

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ATHENS, Feb. 19.

The Allies have occupied the island of Othonus north of Corfu.

ENEMY CONSULS AT SCIO ARRESTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ATHENS, Feb. 19.

The Allies have arrested the enemy consuls at Scio and taken them on board warships.

GENERAL SARRAIL'S VISIT TO ATHENS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ATHENS, Feb. 19.

General Sarrail is arriving here on Monday. He will be received by the King.

GRAECO-BULGAR FIGHTING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SALONIKA, Feb. 21.

A Bulgarian patrol crossed the frontier at Doiran and came into contact with the Greeks.

The Bulgarians retired, losing two killed. One Greek was wounded.

BELGIUM'S INDUSTRIAL DISTRESS.

GERMANY'S RUTHLESS POLICY.

SIR E. GREY'S DENUNCIATION.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Feb. 20.

Sir Edward Grey in a memorandum on the industrial distress in Belgium, says that Great Britain offered months ago to send raw materials for the industries of Belgium through the Relief Commission, provided that Germany permitted their free importation and did not requisition the stocks. Four months have elapsed and Germany has not replied.

Indeed it is perfectly clear that the Germans intend to proclaim that the distress is due to the Allies, while they are determined that the industries shall not be relieved until they have taken the last ounce of raw materials and goods to Germany and have driven Belgian labour to emigrate to Germany or work in Belgium for the Germans.

Figures show that immense amounts of materials have been taken from Belgium.

Sir Edward Grey concludes:—"In view of Germany's fixed policy of impoverishing Belgium, the British Government must disclaim all responsibility towards the Belgians for the evils which the Germans refuse to remove.

ITALIAN AIR RAID.

LAIBACH SUCCESSFULLY ATTACKED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ROME, Feb. 20.

The communiqué says:—

A squadron of Italian aeroplanes raided Laibach yesterday morning. They were shelled *en route* by numerous batteries and attacked by groups of enemy machines.

The squadron reached its objective and descending from the clouds above the town dropped dozens of grenademines and bombs.

All returned safely with one exception, which was surrounded and attacked by six Austrian machines and compelled to descend.

ITALIAN RESERVES.

FIVE MORE CLASSES CALLED UP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ROME, Feb. 20.

Five more classes have been called to the colours.

AUSTRALIAN PREMIER.

SWORN IN AS CANADIAN PRIVY COUNCILLOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
OTTAWA, Feb. 19.

Mr. Hughes, Premier of Australia, has been sworn in as a member of the Privy Council for Canada and afterwards attended the Canadian Cabinet, at which Imperial affairs were discussed.

The event is unique and unparalleled in the history of Canada.

"A MAN-EATING TIGER."

AUSTRALIAN PREMIER'S ESTIMATE OF GERMANY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
OTTAWA, Feb. 20.

There was a brilliant gathering at luncheon here to-day. The Australian Premier Mr. Hughes, who received an ovation, affirmed that the war had brought about perfect unity in the Empire.

He described Germany as a man-eating tiger, which had made offers to the Dominions in order to deal with each victim in turn.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT PURCHASES.

WHOLE AVAILABLE SURPLUS INDENTED FOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
MELBOURNE Feb. 20.

The "Age" says:—Irrespective of the Allies' purchase of two-hundred-thousand tons of Australian wheat it is understood that negotiations have been completed, by which the Allies International Food Purchase Commission is making unlimited purchases, possibly taking the whole surplus available for export.

COMPLETE CONQUEST OF CAMEROONS.

GARRISON AT MORA SURRENDERS.

COMMANDERS CONGRATULATED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 19.

It is officially announced that the German garrison at Mora, Northern Cameroons, has surrendered.

This completes the conquest of the Cameroons.

Mr. Bonar Law has telegraphed his warm congratulations to the commanders of the troops.

The Cameroons, lying between British Nigeria and the French Congo, extends from the coast north-eastwards to the southern shore of Lake Chad. The area is 191,120 square miles and the population 2,720,000. The soil in the coast region is fertile, and numerous valuable African vegetable productions grow in profusion. The colony is rich in harwood, ebony is abundant. Gold and iron have been found.

TRAPPING THE UNITED STATES.

SUBTLE GERMAN SUGGESTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 19.

A German communiqué quotes a New York telegram stating that Germany has postponed torpedoing armed merchantmen until April, so that the United States may be able to warn Americans who ask for passports for such vessels.

Berlin pretends to have no knowledge of this, but the announcement is obviously a subtle German suggestion to trap the United States.

BERNSTORFF'S PUBLICITY BUREAU.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT ANNOYED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

Resentment exists in Government circles in Washington over the disgraceful publicity methods of Teutonic diplomatists.

There are more than hints that unless the activities which the Government is beginning to find embarrassing, are discontinued, it will probably be considered necessary to ask for the recall of several prominent diplomatists.

Count Bernstorff is accused of turning the Embassy into a publicity bureau, and of giving out misleading statements. An instance is given of the flagrant breach of the pledges of secrecy regarding the Lusitania negotiations.

Reports were repeatedly sent out, clearly officially inspired, deliberately misrepresenting the situation, and the Government is particularly annoyed at information being given out making it appear that a decision had been definitely reached by America to recognise belligerent merchantmen, armed for defence, as cruisers, and therefore able to be attacked without warning. No such decision was reached.

The truth was that Mr. Lansing made such a proposal to all the belligerents, but it could not be enforced unless all concerned agreed.

THE APPAM CAUSE CELEBRE.

THE OWNERS' CLAIM FOR POSSESSION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.

The owners of the Appam have brought Admiralty proceedings to regain the possession of the liner.

SERIOUS FIRE IN TENNESSEE

MUNITIONS FACTORY DESTROYED.

KINGSPORT, (TENNESSEE,) Feb. 19.

A munitions factory here has been destroyed by fire. The loss amounts to over a million dollars in value.

PRODUCTION OF WAR MATERIAL.

STRIKE LEADER PROSECUTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 20.

Thomas Rees, Secretary of the London District Amalgamated Engineers, was to-day charged at the Police Court with impeding and delaying the production of war material by ordering a strike in a controlled factory on the question of payment for night work.

The case was adjourned for a fortnight.

ERZERUM SEQUEL.

PURSUIT OF THE TURKS.

REMNANTS OF THE ARMY CAPTURED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Feb. 19.

The communiqué says:—

We stormed the towns of Mush and Ahlat while pursuing portions of the Erzerum army.

We turned and captured remnants of the Thirty-fourth Division with thirteen guns northwest of Erzerum and the remnants of the regiment in the vicinity of the Erzerum road.

In the assault on Erzerum one of our corps captured 240 guns.

CAPTURE OF MUSH AND AKLAT.

GRAVELY AFFECTS TURKISH POSITION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
PETROGRAD, Feb. 21.

The Russian capture of the towns of Mush and Aklat gravely affects the Turkish position. It completely cuts off communications between the north and south and prevents the Turkish forces from effecting a junction.

GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Feb. 21.

The Grand Duke Nicholas has gone to Erzerum.

CONSTANTINOPLE AND ERZERUM.

NO MORE DISTANT EXPEDITIONS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 21.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables, London, 19th February:—

The "Central News" Rome correspondent says General Von Der Goltz left Erzerum when its fall was recognised to be inevitable. Constantinople is now strongly opposed to any further distant expedition.

THE CALIPH'S HEIR.

EVIDENCE OF ASSASSINATION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Feb. 21.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" special cable says:—

The "Daily Telegraph's" Athens correspondent says according to a realiable Constantinople correspondent the body of the Sultan's heir bore black marks, apparently due to a struggle. There was a white cloth over the mouth evidently used as a gag.

FIGHTING IN EGYPT.

BATTLE WITH BEDOUINS DESCRIBED

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 21.

The "Pioneer's" Cairo correspondent writes on 30th January:—

"We have inflicted what is certainly the heaviest defeat yet sustained by them on the Bedouin levies on the western frontier of Bedouin. They had concentrated in considerable force, about 5,000 strong, 25 miles to the west of Mesa Matruh. The weather had been atrocious and rains had converted the ground into a veritable marsh, but notwithstanding, a large force of all arms managed that night to get to Bir Shola within three miles of the enemy camp. Here it spent the night and next morning, splitting into two columns, it got into touch with the Bedouins, who, to all intents and purposes, were taken by surprise, as they were unaware of our advance until dawn of the 23rd.

COMMANDED BY TURKISH OFFICERS.

As soon as the Bedouins became aware of our advance they extended to right and left and tried hard to envelop our flanks. They were commanded by Turkish officers and had several maxims with them but were quite unsuccessful in their tactics. Two hours heavy fighting took place and the enemy was steadily driven back, until he reached his camp at Hazalin, about three miles beyond Bir Shola, when the Bedouins broke and retreated as hard as they could. We occupied the camp and seized and burned all stores.

THE BEDOUIN LOSSES.

Our losses were 28 killed and 274 all ranks wounded. As for the Bedouin losses it is difficult to assess them. At first, from the bodies found on the site, they were given as no less than 150 killed and 500 wounded. But they were evidently much heavier for men who have surrendered declare on one flank alone they lost more than they did in the Christmas day fight, when their losses were 400 killed and 82 prisoners. The Bedouins, even when they flee, carry away with them on their camels a large proportion of their killed and wounded, hence is the difficulty in getting any accurate figures. We may, however, safely assume that in this fight they lost in casualties at least one third of their effectives, to which must be added our prisoners, the number of which the authorities have not mentioned.

The Command in Egypt has now been split up. General Sir Archibald Murray is in charge of the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force, such as it is at present, and is responsible for canal defence with headquarters at Ismailia, and General Sir J. Maxwell is in Military Control of Egypt with headquarters in Cairo and is responsible for the western frontier. Fugitives are officially reported to state the Bedouins are getting very demoralised and they are deserting fast and retreating to their homes in the west."

FIGHTING IN FRANCE.

BRITISH TRENCHES RAIDED.

GERMAN SALIENT WRECKED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 19.

The British communiqué says:—

Early on Friday morning the Germans made a raid into our trenches near Gommecourt, capturing a few prisoners. We had seven killed and wounded.

Last night there was some mutual artillery activity about Hooge.

To-day we bombarded an enemy strong point near Le Bouquet.

PARIS, Feb. 20.

Last night's communiqué said:—

In Artois northwest of Hill 140 we exploded a mine under a German salient which was wrecked.

Our artillery shelled an enemy infantry column north of the Aisne and bombarded enemy works in Lorraine causing fire and German trenches in Upper Alsace.

BOMBS DROPPED ON DUNKIRK

ENEMY'S FUTILE EFFORT ON YSER CANAL

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Feb. 20.

A communiqué says:—

After a violent bombardment the Germans attempted to cross the Yser Canal at Steenstracte. Some groups reached our front trenches, from which they were promptly dislodged.

Aeroplanes dropped several bombs on Dunkirk without doing any damage. Two which fell in a field, were also dropped at Luneville.

There have been violent bombardments and mining warfare in Champagne, Argonne and between the Meuse and the Moselle. The enemy suffered severely.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH AIR RAID.

ENEMY'S FUTILE ATTACK ON TRENCHES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 20.

The British communiqué says:—Our aeroplanes made a successful night raid on the Cambrai aerodrome. Bombs were dropped and one exploded inside the sheds. The machines returned safely.

Last night a raid against our trenches west of Serre, after a heavy bombardment, failed completely.

South-east of Boesinghe the enemy seized an unimportant advanced post.

FIGHTING IN ARTOIS.

SMALL ATTACK EASILY REPULSED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Feb. 19.

This afternoon's communiqué says:—The Germans yesterday evening attempted a small attack north of Blangy in Artois. They were easily repulsed.

NOTHING FURTHER TO REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Feb. 20.

This afternoon's communiqué has nothing to report.

GERMANS SEIZE DANISH STEAMER

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ELSINORE, Feb. 21.

The Danish East Asiatic Company's steamer Bandon has been seized by the Germans.

TREND OF THE WAR.

MR. BONAR LAW'S CHEERY OPTIMISM.

UTOPIA IN SIGHT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

A striking interview with Mr. Bonar Law is published here.

He said that the Allies were greatly improving in the direction of unity of control in matters relating to the war. He dwelt on the disadvantages of democracies in the prosecution of the war, but said that we were now living in a war, atmosphere and nothing mattered except the winning of the war.

Our army of reserves was growing and recruits were rapidly being trained Mr. Bonar Law said that we were proud of having enlisted four million volunteers.

We had now no anxiety regarding munitions and were gaining strength every week.

We were proud indeed of the work of Canada, Australasia and India and were immensely gratified at the record of South Africa.

BRITAIN'S FINANCIAL RESOURCES

There was little fear regarding Great Britain's financial position. Her resources were so great, that we had not yet begun to feel the strain.

Mr. Bonar Law concluded that the war had settled the fiscal controversy. The Allies would probably form an economic Entente while the Empire would rely more on its resources. War had revivified Britain's industries.

He spoke of the possibility of the formation of a League of Peace, to prevent a repetition of the present calamity. If it were an armed league the United States would have to be stronger in order to play her part in policing the world. A reduction of armaments would have to precede the formation of such a league.

WAR AND INDUSTRIES.

STATE OWNESHIP OR CONIROL.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Feb. 20.

Speaking at Cambridge Mr. Montagu said that the conditions after the war might necessitate a complete change in our fiscal system and a large measure of state ownership or state control of industries.

These questions would be bound to assume tremendous importance and both Liberals and Conservatives should preserve an open mind regarding them and also regarding our relations with the Dominions, which would have to be considerably altered.

CALL TO COLOURS.

APPEALS FOR EXEMPTIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 20.

It is expected that the first Derby group consisting of bachelors under nineteen on August 15th last, will be called up this week.

London tribunals have arranged to sit daily owing to the large number of appeals for exemptions.

Tribunals at Kirkby Stephen sat for five hours yesterday when there was a crowded attendance of farmers appealing against the enlistment of farmhands.

Some threatened to abandon their farms if the men were conscripted. Eventually the majority were exempted as being necessary to Westmorland agriculture.

The approaching mobilisation of doctors is forecasted by a circular from the Local Government Board to the local authorities pointing out the necessity of making provisional arrangements to enable every medical man below the age of forty-five to place himself at the disposal of the authorities and take a commission in the Army or Navy if required.

TIME EXPIRED MEN.

BONUS FOR SERVING ON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 20.

Soldiers and non-commissioned officers, who have completed their original enlistment for twelve years, or any further period for which they have enlisted and also the extra year for which they may be retained under the Army Act and who agree to continue in service for the duration of the war, will receive a bonus of fifteen pounds.

FLOODS IN HOLLAND.

FARMERS FLEEING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 20.

The floods at Zaandam are subsiding but on the Monnikendam polder are increasing as it is impossible, to use sluices. The sea is rushing across the great Wydewormer dyke, near the scene of the disaster in 1805. Farmers are fleeing, fearing a catastrophe.

ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

A BELATED PROTEST.

AMERICA THREATENS DRASTIC ACTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 19.

Mr. Lansing has cabled to the American Embassy in Constantinople a protest to the Porte against the Armenian massacres.

He expresses the hope that the perpetrators will be punished and states that if there is a repetition of the massacres the United States Government will be compelled to take more drastic action.

A RENEGADE RECIPTURED.

EX-M.P. SPY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

Tribitsch Lincoln has been recaptured.

EX-M.P. WHO WAS A SPY.

With regard to the reported re-arrest of Tribitsch Lincoln, the following message sent by Reuter's correspondent at New York on January 18, will be read with interest:—

It has just become known that Mr Tribitsch Lincoln, ex-M.P. for Darlington, escaped from custody on Saturday last while he was being taken to the Federal Court for the hearing of his appeal against the order for his extradition.

Mr. Lincoln was at the time in the custody of a deputy United States marshal. A search throughout the country has been ordered.

It is suggested in some quarters that Lincoln boarded an outgoing steamer shortly after his escape. It appears that the prisoner was writing a book on the international spy system of Germany, and was allowed to go to the Federal building frequently in the company of deputies for the purpose of securing material for his work.

According to Marshal Power, Lincoln escaped while going with a deputy named Johnson to consult his counsel in the Federal Building. Johnson feared to report the loss of the prisoner, and conducted an independent search for him from 4 on Saturday afternoon until yesterday (Monday) morning. Johnson has been suspended pending an investigation.

According to Johnson the prisoner was returning with him from the Federal Building to the jail, when they stopped at a restaurant to get luncheon. Lincoln excused himself for a minute to go to the lavatory, but did not return.

LINCOLN'S BOAST.

A New York message dated January 20. states:—

While the detectives are hunting for Lincoln, the "American" prints a letter from him, which, it declares, was delivered personally. The Federal authorities are now considering whether failure to give information does not incriminate the "American's" staff, Lincoln being a fugitive from justice.

The letter is characteristically bombastic bragging of future exploits. It says, "The United States may find consolation in the fact that its Government is not the first I have outwitted, and from whose vigilance I have easily escaped."

Excusing the deputy-marshal, who is suspected of connivance in the escape, Lincoln says, "Not all the forces of the United States Secret Service could have prevented me from carrying out my carefully-laid scheme. I am a past master in such work".

A PLAUSIBLE SCOUNDREL.

A plot to lure part of the British Fleet to destruction is one of the many schemes devised by the plausible scoundrel calling himself Ignatius Theophilus Tribitsch-Lincoln, writes the "Daily Mail." His real name is Tribitsch, and it was only just before he decided to seek a seat in the British Parliament that he tacked on the British name of Lincoln.

A native of Hungary and a converted Jew, he has been successively a Presbyterian and an Anglican minister in Canada and a curate in this country. To these roles he added those of a plausible liar and thief. He sat in the House of Commons as Liberal member for Darlington from January to December, 1910, having defeated Mr. Pike Pease at the first election that year. He did not stand at the second election.

In his "confessions," which were published in the New York "World Magazine", he professed that his scheme was to betray his adopted country and lure its Navy into a position where it would be at the mercy of the German fleet.

The War Office was quite aware of Tribitsch's insincerity when he professed to be serving them by giving them some information from Germany, in order, as he declared, to get more valuable information in return.

As a fact, he had been a suspect for some years and was carefully watched when he departed for Holland. From Holland he escaped to America where he was arrested some months ago at the request of the English police on two charges of forgery, the amount involved being over £1.000.

BOMBAY AEROPLANE IN ACTION.

His Excellency the Governor has received the following information from the War Office through the Over-Seas Club regarding the airplanes Bombay:—

A hostile machine was observed at a height of about 8,000 feet, and under fire from our anti-aircraft guns. Both the pilot and observer in the Bombay opened fire from almost directly beneath and about 2,000 feet below. The observer fired two drums and the pilot fired three. The hostile machine then made off.

LORD CHELMSFORD.

A PRIVY COUNCILLOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 20.

Lord Chelmsford has been sworn in as a Privy Councillor.

CASTLE LINER ASHORE AT MOMBASSA.

HOPES OF BEING REFLOATED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 19.

The steamer Comrie Castle went ashore while entering Mombassa and is now on the Leven Reef.

Assistance has been rendered but the vessel is still fast. Passengers have been sent ashore.

It is hoped to refloat the vessel this afternoon with the removal of some of the cargo. Her position is described as not dangerous.

TOBACCO EMBARGO.

UNEASINESS AMONGST CUBANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
HAVANA, Feb. 19.

The British restriction on the importation of tobacco is causing uneasiness here and the Cubans are appealing to be allowed to fulfil existing contracts.

SIKHS' HEROISM AT THE FRONT.

AN OFFICER'S TRIBUTE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Feb. 21.

At a recent lecture to the Calcutta Light Horse Captain O. F. Smith, Commanding Governor's Body Guard, referred to a number of his experiences while at the front in Flanders with the 9th (Hodson's) Horse.

He had much to say of the gallant behaviour of the Indian divisions and one of his instances related to a company of Sikh infantry whom he relieved. These men, he said, had lost all their officers but one; they were in a trench up to the waist in icy water. It was December and they had been there three days and three nights almost without food. As he waded up the trench he spoke to some of the men, every one of whom was grey with cold and practically frozen from waist downwards. They all said the same thing, "Sahib, we cannot move but we can still shoot. Take your men away we will stay here till we die." They had to be carried out bodily and in thirty-six hours they were back again ready to take their gruel again.

WAR LECTURES TO CAWNPORE MILL EMPLOYEES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CAWNPORE, Feb. 21.

The Hon. Mr. L. P. Watson presided last evening at a lecture on war delivered by Babu Vikramajit Singh, Vice-Chairman of the Municipal Board at the Lalimli Settlement, in the presence of several hundreds of employees of the Cawnpore Woollen Mills Company. This was the second lecture delivered for the special benefit of the Cawnpore factory hands, the first having been given some months ago in Alleengunj before the employees of Messrs. Cooper Allen's Army Equipment and Boot Factory. The lecturer with the help of a large map specially prepared for the occasion dwelt at length on the various aspects of the war and described in detail the causes that led to the war and Turkey's participation in it, the forces that were engaged in it, the strength of the Allies and how there could only be one end to this war in the complete success of the Allies. He concluded by a reference to the special provincial fund recently inaugurated, which was headed by the munificent donations of Cawnpore Woollen Mills (Rs. 30,000) and Sir Alexander MacRobert (Rs. 1,500).

EDUCATION OF WOMEN IN INDIA.

DEMAND FOR A BOLD PROGRAMME OF EXPANSION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
POONA, Feb. 21.

A largely attended meeting of ladies in Poona was held this evening to adopt a memorial to the Government of India on the subject of female education. Mrs. Ramabai Ranade presided.

Miss Thakur, Mrs. Kashibai Kanitkar and several other ladies spoke laying special emphasis on the rapid expansion of female education and a resolution was passed adopting a memorial for submission to his Excellency the Viceroy. The memorial expresses a hope that the Government will see to it that there is at least one high school for girls for two districts, provision being made for the establishment of more training colleges. It is also suggested that a commission of educationists, official and non-official, including some ladies, should be appointed to inquire into the whole problem of women's education in all its bearings and to lay down the details of a bold programme of expansion.

The Government has sanctioned the grant of the following pensions to the wife and family of the late Murari Mohun Mitra who was assassinated by anarchists on the 25th August at his house at Agarpara in the suburbs of Calcutta:—A pension of Rs. 20 per month to the widow for life and an allowance of Rs. 10 per month to each of the two sons until they attain twenty-one years of age.

WAR RELIEF WORK.

SIR JOHN HEWETT'S VISIT TO BOMBAY.

Sir John Prescott Hewett, G.C.S.I., formerly Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces, who is now in India on a short tour, has kindly undertaken to give a short address on the work of the Joint War Committee of the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John of Jerusalem. Sir John Hewett has had exceptional experience of the administration of the War and Relief Funds in London, which have now attained enormous proportions, and the narrative of his experience must prove of exceptional interest to those who are engaged in this work in Bombay. The address will be given at the headquarters of the Women's Branch of the Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund, in the Library of the Science Institute, Mayo Road, Bombay, on Friday, February the 25th at 5-30 p.m. when his Excellency the Governor has kindly promised to preside.

CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 20.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Captain K. R. Habershon, Rifle Brigade.
Lieutenant D. O. Evans, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieutenant J. F. Sidebotham, Shropshires.
Second-Lieut. H. F. Barton, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut. J. W. Garnett, Shropshires.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut. F. O. Lloyd, Shropshires.

WOUNDED

Captain G. F. Finch, Rifle Brigade.
Captain A. B. Woodgate, East Lancashires.
Lieutenant D. J. Kerr, Artillery.
Lieutenant J. Sheffield, Yorkshires Light Infantry.
Lieutenant K. Traill, Berkshires.
Reverend R. Bulstrode, Chaplain.
Secon-Lieut. J. S. Tatham, King Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut. J. R. Barnes, Shropshires.
Second-Lieut. E. Cumberland, Norfolks.
Second-Lieut. J. H. Fennell Artillery.
Second-Lieut. R. Grant, Inniskilling, Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut. S. I. Gribble, Rifle Brigade.
Secon-Lieut. G. H. Palmer, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut. F. B. Parker, Yorkshire Regiment.
Second-Lieut. H. A. Porter, Ninth Lancers.
Second-Lieut. H. C. Whitley, West Yorkshires.

LATER.

KILLED.

Lieut. T. W. Greenhill, 4th Dragoon Guards.
Second-Lieut. H. H. Marsh, Welsh Regiment.

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant D. Baird, Engineers.
Lieutenant S. Carrs, Engineers.
Lieutenant A. T. Hitch, Bedfords.
Lieutenant R. C. Jourdain, Royal Fusiliers.
Lieutenant G. Lee-Evans, Manchesters.
Lieutenant R. N. Nickels, Artillery.
Lieutenant J. Southern, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut. R. B. Brisco, Engineers.
Second-Lieut. W. M. Clinch, Engineers.
Second-Lieut. T. H. Upton, Engineers.
Second-Lieut. D. H. Ely, Durhams.
Second-Lieut. T. B. Jolly, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut. K. L. Mallett, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut. C. R. Taylor, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut. C. H. Tollemache, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut. S. G. Saunders, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut. G. A. West, Welsh Regiment.

WOUNDED IN EAST AFRICA.

Lieutenant A. A. Waley, North Lancashires.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Feb. 21.

The following names of British officers appear in the Indian Expeditionary Forces casualty lists mentioned:—

List No. 5:—

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant J. W. H. Park (slightly wounded), 22nd Cavalry.
2nd-Lieut. J. Shand I. A. R. O. (severely), 33rd Cavalry.

List No. 6:—

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant J. H. Bullock (slightly), 2nd Norfolks.

BELIEVED PRISONER.

Captain V. C. Duberly (severely wounded), 17th Cavalry.

MISSING.

Lieutenant B. J. P. Mawdsley, 17th Cavalry.

"GREAT DANGER POINT" IN FUTURE OF GERMANY.

An important conference of scientists, doctors and public men to discuss the declining birth-rate will take place early next month at Berlin.

The Prussian Minister of the Interior, in an official warning to parents, which he has just issued on the subject, says:—

"The results of the investigations made force us to admit that the declining birth-rate constitutes one of the most anxious questions of the future, and involves perhaps the whole future of the German people. If we do not succeed in arresting this decline immediately and banishing its causes from the lives of our people it will be too late, and with absolute certainty at a date earlier than we anticipate the breeding of our folk will come to a standstill, and the waning of the German people begin. This question constitutes the great danger-point in the future of Germany."

H. E. LADY WILLINGDON.

RETURN TO BOMBAY.

H. E. Lady Willingdon arrived in Bombay yesterday from Delhi where she had proceeded last week from Bhaonagar. Her Excellency, alighted at the Grant Road station at 8 a.m., where she was received by H. E. Lord Willingdon, the Hon. Inigo Freeman Thomas and the Government House staff. Her Excellency travelled upto Ankleshwar by the Ahmedabad Passenger train which was due to reach Bombay at 5-30 a.m. But there was a general dislocation of traffic on the line uptil midnight owing to the derailment of a waggon of a goods train at Kosuma station, and as precedence was given to mail trains, her Excellency's saloon was detached from the Passenger train at Ankleshwar and was attached to the Gujerat Mail, which arrived in Bombay at 8 a.m. The Passenger train arrived in Bombay at 11.15 a.m.

PHILATELISTS' WAR FUND.

THE KING'S GIFT.

The "London Philatelist" reports the gift by his Majesty the King of a number of interesting stamps and stamped envelopes to the collection of the Royal Philatelic Society. The stamps include complete sheets of the 1886, 1899, and 1907 issues of stamps of the Indian State of Nepaul The gift also comprises a set of thirteen embossed envelopes of Ceylon, and the ½d and 1d postcards of the German Cameroons, overprinted "C.E.F." for the use of the (British) Cameroons Expeditionary Force.

The date is now fixed for the sale of the stamps sent in to the hon. secretaries of the National Philatelic War Fund. Upwards of 600 donors have sent valuable stamps and collections to the fund, which is in aid of the societies of the British Red Cross and St. John of Jerusalem. The sale will be held on March 13 and 14, at 47, Leicester-square, W.C.

The auction will be a notable one, and will include some rare items which have never been put up to public auction before. One of the rarest is the gift of his Majesty the King, a ninepenny stamp, plate 5, unusued (issue of 1865).

An important gift has reached the hon. secretaries; it is the whole of the collection formed by Mr. G. W. Armitage, the catalogue value of which is about £900. The stamps include some very fine old Ceylon, Nevis, St. Helena, St. Vincent, Nova Scotia, and other Colonial rarities. The directors of the British South Africa Company have given a collection of the company's stamps, unused, with a total face value of £50.

ANOTHER WAR TAX STAMP.

Another war tax postage stamp has been issued in Canada to obviate the necessity for affixing two stamps to every letter. The new denomination combines the 2c letter post rate with the 1c war tax, and thus sells at 3c. The design and colour of the ordinary 2c stamps is maintained, but in the lower part of the oval bearing the King's portrait a distinguishing mark has been added reading "1Tc.," representing "Tax: one cent." In spite of this special mark the stamp very closely resembles the ordinary 2c postage stamp, with which it is likely to be readily confused in the hurry and bustle of work in the sorting-office.

The Malay States of Kedah and Kelantan, transferred from Siamese to British protection in 1909, have along with Brunei, declared their adhesion to the Postal Union Convention. Their entry into the union dates from January 1, 1916, and it will probably render a re-arrangement of the colours of the present stamps of Kedah, the 1c, 3c, and 8c stamps of which do not conform to the universal colour scheme for stamps representing the 5c, 10c, and 25c postage rates.

PREVENTION BETTER THAN VENGEANCE

Sir Conan Doyle suggests that the best way to deal with German air raids is to show that you can, and will, retaliate.

"The German airship coming from the eastern part of Belgium has to travel at least 200 miles each way upon its mission. Had we an aviation centre near Nancy we should be very much nearer than that to great German centres of population. The distance from there to Wiesbaden would be 100 miles, to Bonn 130, to Frankfurt 140, to Coblentz, 120, to Cologne 150.

"If then, London is vulnerable, these are very much more so. Without any delay we should establish such an aviation centre, defend it with numbers of the best aircraft guns against the persistent attempts which will be made to destroy it, and announce to the German Government through the American Embassy at Berlin that we can tolerate no more outrages upon our civilian population, and that any further raids will be followed by immediate reprisals. If such a policy were at once put in force it might act as a preventive—which is better than vengeance."

The Senior Sub-Judge of Lahore yesterday decided what is known as the Dalgars Succession case concerning property worth some ten lakhs. The parties are Khoja Mahomedans of the Salgars clan and the question before the Court was whether Mahomedan law or special custom would govern succession. The Court held the latter governed the case and therefore, dismissed the claim of the plaintiffs who being daughters are excluded from succession by a special custom which recognised only agnatic succession.

The Bengal Government has appointed a Committee to consider the question of discipline in the Presidency College with special reference to the strike of students last January and the recent assault on Professor Oaten. The committee will commence sittings at once. The Chairman is Mr. Justice Mukerjee, and the Members are: The Hon. Mr. Hornell, Mr. H. R. James, Principal of the Presidency College, the Rev. J. Mitchell, Principal, Wesleyan College, Bankura, and Mr. Heramba Chandra Maitra Principal, City College.

THE JUSTICES' ELECTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The result of the Justices' election of their representatives on the Bombay Municipal Corporation cannot pass unnoticed by the general public and especially the ratepayers. The 16 persons who have the privilege of being the representatives of all the Justices of Bombay recently elected do not represent the number in proportion to the number of the population of Bombay or in proportion to the number of electors. The result shows 7 Parsis, 3 Hindus, 3 Mahomedans, 2 Europeans and 1 Jew. Now it is surprising to find how a handful of Parsis numbering about 46,000 souls in Bombay could send seven of their own community to the Corporation when their electoral roll has only 120, while the Hindus and Mahomedans having 90 and 75 electors could send only three representatives respectively and 12 Jews could return only one of their number. The most surprising is the number of Europeans which is only two when their electors are 220. May I therefore in fairness to justice say whether this representation is quite adequate to the strength of each community in Bombay, or whether the right of each community can be adequately defended by these newly elected members, when they are not in proportion to their own strength? When a question of vital importance to a certain community crops up, it can be concluded that it would fail to receive its due share of recognition at the hands of the Corporation when the community to which it affects is represented in the Corporation by a minority while a community which is represented by a majority will get whatever it desires to do for its own benefit done with every facility without an iota of doubt. Again, the meagre number of European representatives is to be deplored when we find that there are 220 of their number as electors Granted for the sake of argument that the creation of such a large number of European Justices is for administrative purposes, and hence many do not desire to waste their time in the Corporation, yet it would have been in the interests of the public, had their elected representatives been in proportion to their number. The creation of Justices is due solely for the good of the public, as is the case in England with every parish. Indeed, the improper way adopted by Government for the creation of Justices, without having regard to the population of each community of Bombay and without considering the rights of ratepayers requires improvement. Then again Government has the right to nominate its own Justices to the Corporation. In doing so, it behoves Government to see that members of one firm only are not nominated; for, there is a tendency in certain circles to put forward members of the same firm either for election to the Corporation or to nomination in it. To avoid this, it would be in the interests of the ratepayers if Government would be kind enough to create Justices from amongst the ratepayers and nominate them according to the numerical strength of each of the communities inhabiting Bombay. Then alone the rights of the ratepayers will be safe-guarded. Will not the Ratepayers' Association try to get the privilege of sending its own representative to the Corporation, since it is the principal body which can well understand the hardships of the ratepayers? I hope those interested in Municipal affairs will revive the above Association to mend matters and thus save the public from being the target of one party only. *Fiat justitia: ruat coelum*...—Yours etc.

Bombay, Feb. 19.

RATEPAYER.

£5,000,000 LOSS IN BERGEN FIRE.

"The great fire at Bergen which broke out on Saturday (in Mail week) laid Norway's second largest and historic town in ashes," says the "Daily Mail's" Christiania correspondent.

"The outbreak began at six o'clock in the evening in a building in the centre of the port, which contained large stores of tar,, oil, and coal. It spread rapidly owing to a strong north-easterly gale which carried it from street to street, and showers of sparks caused fresh fires, often hundreds of yards from the originating point.

"The difficulties were increased by the electric power-house catching fire and all the lights being extinguished. So far as is known not a life was lost. Bergen's excellent brigade, assisted by troops, fought desperately, but their efforts were in vain.

"Soon the whole of the central part, the most important business district, was on fire, including many buildings of historic interest, the newspaper offices, the principal hotels, the new automatic telephone exchange, the central fire station, banks, public schools, and immense grocery and other foodstuffs stores, which supplied a large part of Norway.

"Hundreds of houses have been burned and thousands of families are homeless, and the total loss is probably not less than five or six million pounds.

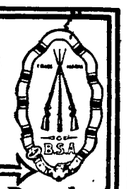
"The hardships of the homeless population in the middle of a hard winter will be very great."

GERMAN DESIGN AGAINST SWITZERLAND

"Signor Giuseppe Bevione, writing in the "Gazetta del Popolo", makes an interesting revelation in regard to unsuccessful German efforts to violate Swiss neutrality at the beginning of the war. Signor Bevione states that he has the best possible authority for the assertion that the German Minister at Berne, on August 4, 1914, made a formal demand to the Swiss Government for permission to send German troops through Switzerland in an effort to encircle Belfort," says "The Times" Milan correspondent.

"The Federal Government refused firmly, and warned Germany that any such attempt would meet with armed resistance."

THE Importance OF this Mark



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TRAVANCORE POPULAR ASSEMBLY.

DEWAN'S REVIEW OF STATE'S PROGRESS.

REMARKABLE EDUCATIONAL ADVANCE.

(From a Correspondent.)

TREVANDRUM, Feb. 21.

The twelfth annual session of the Popular Assembly began to-day at noon at the Victoria Jubilee Town Hall. The Dewan, Dewan Bahadur M. Krishnan Nair, presided; the Resident, Mr. R. A. Graham, was also present, besides the officers of the State, prominent non-officials such as members of the aristocracy, High Court vakils, merchants, retired officers, etc. Almost all the 100 members of the Assembly were present.

The proceedings began with the Dewan delivering his address to the members. The following is a brief summary of the address:—

After welcoming the members, the Dewan referred to the war in Europe and explained the nature of the substantial help the Durbar was offering to the Empire. Six European officers in the State Service have been permitted to go on military duty on the same conditions as their compeers in British India.

THE FINANCES.

The finances of the State during the past year (August 1914—August 1915) were dealt with elaborately. The revenue and receipts fell from Rs. 1,54,74,665 in the previous year to Rs. 1,49,14,987, while the expenditure rose from Rs. 1,57,12,790 to Rs. 1,75,66,540, thus resulting in a total deficit of Rs. 26,51,553. The Darbar balance was therefore, reduced from Rs. 75,53,000 to Rs. 49,02,047. The assets of the Darbar amounted to Rs. 96,75,492 and the liabilities to Rs. 47,73,415. These assets do not include (1) Rs. 79,67,035 invested in the Kodayar Irrigation Works and (2) Rs. 18,75,085 the sum spent up to date on the extension of the Railway to Trevandram, the capital of the State, nor do the liabilities shewn above include [illegible] 1,17,84,950 the capital liability on account of the Quilon-Shencottah Railway which was opened for traffic in 1904. A sinking fund which was started a few years ago for discharging this liability now amounts to Rs. 6,31,769. The fall in the revenue from the previous year was Rs. 5,59,678. This decline was mainly under the two heads of Customs and Stamps which together amounted to Rs. 3,34,103. It is inevitable, says the Dewan, "that the economic effects of this war should be felt more my a maritime than by an inland State. Many of the foreign markets for the produce of Travancore have been shut out and even in respect of those remaining open the difficulty of finding transport is almost insurmountable. Thus the ex-produce of the State, which largely consists of the products of the cocoanut tree, remains either locked up in the godowns of merchants or has become unsaleable. The consequent decline in trade has had a depressing effect on the money market." The nominal increase of expenditure over the previous year was Rs. 10,38,795. Education and Forests account for Rs. 4 lakhs out of this ten, while the guaranteed interest to the debenture holders of the Quilon-Shencottah Railway took up Rs. 2 lakhs and contributions to the war funds and expenses in connection with the reception of distinguished guests and his Highness the Maharaja's trip to Coonoor were responsible for Rs. 3 lakhs. "It is a significant fact, says the Dewan, "that while in recent years, the expenditure of the State has been steadily increasing the receipts of the Government have not been proportionately elastic." The Land Revenue was Rs. 35,84,798 or 24 per cent. of the total receipts, while the revenue from the Excise Department was Rs. 58,04,962 or 40 per cent.

REDUCTION OF LIQUOR SHOPS.

Under Excise the Dewan gives the number of country liquor shops for the past 7 years and States that they have been reduced from 7,050 to 2,273 or a decrease of 68 per cent. 1,13,723 proof gallons of country spirits were consumed during the last year against 1,39,081 proof gallons in the year previous or a decrease of 18.2 per cent. The total quantity of foreign liquor imported into the State also fell from 36,621 gallons to 29,217 gallons. "These figures" adds the Dewan, "would have been gratifying, if they indicated any improvement in temperance. The fact, however, is that the altered economic conditions brought on by the war seriously affected the purchasing power of the drinking population particularly in the sea-board Taluks where the copra and coir industries suffered to an unprecedented extent.

AGRICULTURE.

"The ryots have begun to realize the importance of manure as a factor in intensive cultivation and the manures sold by the Department are gaining in popularity. It may be stated here that as fresh areas for the extension of paddy cultivation are limited the people should try their best to enhance the yield from the existing paddy lands by adopting improved methods of manuring and other scientific methods of cultivation. The Department of Agriculture is always ready to render help in this direction. The opposition of the people to the use of the light iron ploughs is fast disappearing and large numbers of that plough are now being purchased by them. New ideas in regard to Agriculture are being disseminated by the department among the ryots by answers to queries on agricultural subjects, distribution of agricultural leaflets and by popular lectures and the publication of a vernacular quarterly Journal."

TRADE.

The total value of the external trade was Rs. 7,11,57,523 of which 59.8 per cent. represented the exports. The *per capita* value of the exports fell from Rs. 12.3 to 12.2, while that of the imports rose from Rs. 8.2 to Rs. 8.5. The trade in the produce of the cocoanut tree showed a decrease of Rs. 39,78,088.

EDUCATION.

The total number of Educational institutions in the state was 3,243 and their strength 3,06,753. The percentage of pupils in all denominations of schools to the total population was 8.9 and to the number of children of school-going age 59.6. There was on an average one recognized school for every 3.5 square miles of the area and for every 1,684 persons of the population of the State 73.2 per cent. of the boys and 29 per cent. of the girls of school-going age were under instruction in recognized schools. One Taluk shows the greatest progress with 99.8 per cent. of its children of school-going age attending recognized schools. "In this connection," says the Dewan, "it will be of interest to you to know that the last Administration Report of Baroda states that "Travancore deservedly represents the highest water-mark yet obtained in India by the voluntary principle in education."

The total number of Secondary Schools (recognized)) rose from 76 to 79 and their strength from 17,056 to 18,840. Of these schools 66 were for boys and 13 for girls. There was a gradual increase in the strength of the higher grade classes of Secondary Schools for girls. The institution of a Provident Fund for teachers in recognized schools is under the consideration of the Darbar.

The number of Elementary (Vernacular) Schools rose from 1,657 to 1,917 and their strength from 2,06,303 to 2,43,604, the percentage of increase under the latter head during 1914-15 being 18.1 against 9.5 in 1913-14. To relieve the congestion, especially, in the lower classes of Elementary Schools 111 "Relief Schools" were opened during the year.

The Durbar has sanctioned Rs. 15,000 per year for five years to be awarded to students for the study of industrial and technical subjects.

The gross expenditure on education rose from Rs. 15,89,080 to Rs. 18,53,540 or by 16.6 per cent. The percentages of expenditure to the total revenue of the State was 12.4. The net expenditure stood at Rs. 14,66,619. The net expenditure on elementary education, exclusive of the cost of the controlling agency was 63.1 per cent. of the total net expenditure on the department.

After the Dewan's address was read in English, a Vernacular version was also read.

The Assembly then adjourned for the next day to consider the various subjects brought forward by the members.

THE USE OF OUR MEN.

"Would it not then be far better to concentrate upon the quality of our troops rather than upon the quantity?" asks the "Nation."

"We should, in the end, achieve the same effect, but at a smaller price, and the French would probably prefer half-a-million well-trained and really well-led troops to the amateur-led million we are now sending.

"In any case, the Government must realise that it will be held strictly to account for the use it makes of its new levies. Unless hand in hand there goes with this unlimited recruitment the greatest care in the training of leaders and staff, so that lives be not jeopardised unnecessarily, those who are associated with this final dealing with the glorious manhood of our nation will live to rue it."

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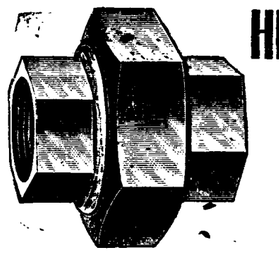

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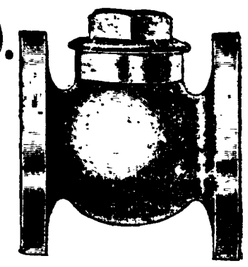

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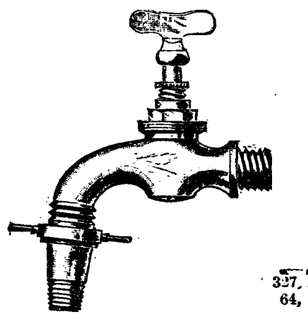
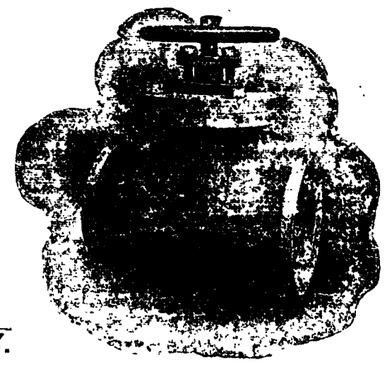
BOILER UNIONS
RANGE COCKS
BALL VALVES
BIB & STOP COCKS
SAFETY VALVES
BLOW-OFF COCKS
BATH COCKS
OVERFLOWS
DRAIN COCKS





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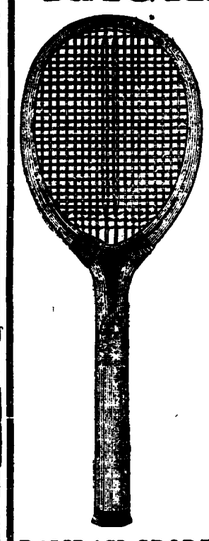

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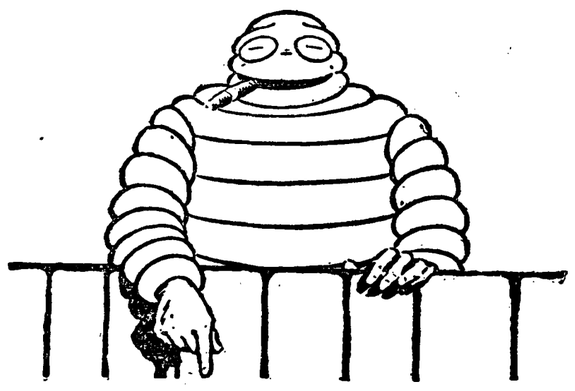

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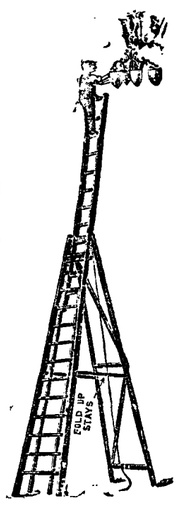

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